

No. of Pages. 16

Code No.

**Y – 3080**

Register Number :

Time : 2 Hours

Name :

Max.Marks : 100

**Entrance Examination for Admission to Four Year Under Graduate  
Programmes in the Teaching Departments, 2026**

**CSS**

**HISTORY**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

1. The Question Paper is having 100 Objective Questions, each carrying one mark.
2. The answers are to be marked **only** in the “**OMR Sheet**” provided.
3. **Negative marking : 0.25 marks** will be deducted for each wrong answer .

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING THE OMR SHEET**

- The OMR sheet should not be folded or crushed.
- Use only blue/black ball point pen to fill the circles.
- Use of pencil is strictly prohibited.
- Circles should be darkened completely and properly.
- Cutting and erasing on this sheet is not allowed.
- Do not leave any stray marks on the sheet.
- Do not use marker or white fluid to hide the mark.

• **WRONG METHODS**



**CORRECT METHOD**



**DO NOT WRITE HERE**

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Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions.

**(100 × 1 = 100 marks)**

1. The term 'history' is derived from which language
  - A. The Ancient Greek Language
  - B. The Ancient Chinese language
  - C. The Ancient Latin language
  - D. None of the above
  
2. Who said, "History is an unending dialogue between the present and the past"?
  - A. Arthur Marwick
  - B. R.G. Collingwood
  - C. Gordon Childe
  - D. E.H. Carr

3. Neanderthal fossils were first discovered in:
  - A. France
  - B. Germany
  - C. Spain
  - D. Italy
  
4. The Earliest known writing system in Mesopotamia is:
  - A. Hieroglyphics
  - B. Brahmi
  - C. Latin
  - D. Cuneiform
  
5. Which species is known as modern man?
  - A. Homo Erectus
  - B. Homo Habilis
  - C. Homo Sapiens
  - D. Neanderthal
  
6. The term 'pre-history' refers to
  - A. Period after writing
  - B. Period before writing
  - C. Medieval period
  - D. Modern period
  
7. The Indus Valley civilization is known for:
  - A. Pyramid building
  - B. Feudalism
  - C. Town planning
  - D. Monasteries
  
8. The Term 'Neolithic Revolution' is associated with:
  - A. Hunting
  - B. Agriculture
  - C. Fishing
  - D. Trade
  
9. An Age in which Copper and Stone tools were used is known as:
  - A. Chalcolithic age
  - B. Neolithic age
  - C. Paleolithic age
  - D. Mesolithic age
  
10. Law Code is related to
  - A. Thucydides
  - B. Hammurabi
  - C. Strabo
  - D. Pliny
  
11. Which one of the following is NOT correctly matched?
  - A. Assurbanipal – Assyria
  - B. Solon – Athens
  - C. Virgil – Sumer
  - D. Nebuchadnezzar – Babylonia

12. The Bronze Age civilizations flourished mainly in:  
A. River Valleys  
B. Forest region  
C. Deserts  
D. Mountain Region
13. The Prehistoric site in India well known for Rock paintings is:  
A. Langhnaj  
B. Birhanpur  
C. Nagarjunakonda  
D. Bhimbedka
14. The Veda which contains reference to music is:  
A. Samaveda  
B. Yajur Veda  
C. Adharva Veda  
D. Rig Veda
15. The exponent of Central Asian Theory of Aryan Origin was  
A. B. G. Tilak  
B. Max Muller  
C. William Jones  
D. James Princep
16. Which city is known for its 'Great Bath'?  
A. Harappa  
B. Mohenjo-daro  
C. Lothal  
D. Kalibangan
17. The early Vedic economy was mainly based on  
A. Trade  
B. Agriculture  
C. Pastoralism  
D. Industry
18. The Founder of the Holy Roman Empire was  
A. Pepin  
B. Charlemagne  
C. Alaric  
D. Henry IV
19. The Ambassador of Seleucus Nikator in the Court of Chandra Gupta Maurya:  
A. Kautilya  
B. Ibn Batuta  
C. Marcopolo  
D. Megasthenese
20. Renaissance began in  
A. France  
B. Italy  
C. England  
D. Germany



29. The most illustrious ruler of Abbasid Caliphate was:
- A. Abu Baker
  - B. Umar
  - C. Uthman
  - D. Harun al Rashid
30. The Glorious Revolution took place in:
- A. 1688
  - B. 1776
  - C. 1789
  - D. 1815
31. The scientific Revolution is associated with:
- A. Religious reforms
  - B. Rational thinking and experimentation
  - C. Trade expansion
  - D. Feudalism
32. Reign of terror is associated with
- A. American Revolution
  - B. French Revolution
  - C. Russian Revolution
  - D. Chinese Revolution
33. American war of Independence was fought against:
- A. Britain
  - B. France
  - C. Germany
  - D. Spain
34. Industrial Revolution started in
- A. France
  - B. Germany
  - C. Britain
  - D. USA
35. "Liberty, Equality, Fraternity" is associated with:
- A. American revolution
  - B. Industrial Revolution
  - C. Russian Revolution
  - D. French Revolution
36. Nazism is associated with:
- A. Italy
  - B. Germany
  - C. Russia
  - D. Spain



46. Which one of the following indicates the correct chronological order of era in India?
- Gupta - Harsha - Vikrama - Saka
  - Vikrama - Saka - Gupta - Harsha
  - Gupta - Saka - Vikrama - Harsha
  - Saka - Vikrama - Gupta - Harsha
47. Who wrote *Brihat Samhita*?
- Aryabhata
  - Varahamihira
  - Dandin
  - Vaghbata
48. Which word among the following stands for caravan traders?
- Banjaras
  - Vanikas
  - Shreshtis
  - Sarthavahas
49. Which among the following was a Saiva literary work produced in medieval South India?
- Tiruvaimozhi
  - Thevaram
  - Divyaprabandham
  - Manimekhalai
50. Identify the Indus site from where Fire altars were discovered:
- Harappa
  - Mohenjo-Daro
  - Kalibangan
  - Dholavira
51. The Iqta system under the Delhi sultanate was primarily related to:
- Judicial administration
  - Land Revenue assignment
  - Military recruitment
  - Religious endowment
52. The Persian work - *Tarikhi-i-Firoz Shahi* was written by:
- Minhaj-us-Siraj
  - Amir Khusrau
  - Abul Fazl
  - Ziauddin Barani
53. The term Zabti during Akbars reign referred to:
- Military ranking system
  - Religious tax
  - Land revenue assessment based on measurement
  - Trade customs duty

54. *Ashtapradhan* was a Council of Ministers
- A. In the Gupta administration      B. In the Chola administration  
C. In the Maratha administration      D. In the Mauryan administration
55. Who among the following visited India during the Gupta period?
- A. Huen Tsang      B. Fa Hien  
C. Itsing      D. Marcopolo
56. Who among the following is closely associated with the 'Feudalism Debate' in Indian historiography?
- A. R. S. Sharma      B. Bipan Chandra  
C. K.N. Panikkar      D. Sumit Sarkar
57. Which of the following was not prevalent during the sultanate period?
- A. Mansabdari      B. Iqta  
C. Turk-i-Chahalgani      D. Jizya
58. Nizamuddin Auliya belongs to:
- A. Qadiriya Order      B. Naqshabandi Order  
C. Chisthi Order      D. Suhrawardi Order
59. The transfer of capital from Delhi to Daulatabad was done by
- A. Ibrahim Lodi      B. Feroz shah Tughlaq  
C. Sikkandar Lodi      D. Muhammed-bin Tughlaq
60. The first battle of Panipat was fought between
- A. Akbar and Hemu      B. Babur and Ibrahim Lodi  
C. Humayun and Shershah      D. Akbar and Sher shah
61. In whose reign Raja Todar Mal functioned as Finance Minister
- A. Akbar      B. Aurangazeb  
C. Babur      D. Humayun

62. What is the correct chronological order of the following foreign travellers?
- A. Nicolo Conti - Ibn Batuta - Barbosa - Abdur Razzaq
  - B. Ibn Batuta - Nicolo Conti - Abdur Razzaq - Barbosa
  - C. Ibn Batuta - Abdur Razzaq - Barbosa - Nicolo Conti
  - D. Nicolo Conti - Ibn Batuta - Abdur Razzaq - Barbosa
63. Who built the Red Fort in Delhi?
- A. Akbar
  - B. Aurangazeb
  - C. Humayun
  - D. Shah Jahan
64. The Allahabad Pillar inscription refers to the reign of
- A. Asoka
  - B. Kanishka
  - C. Samudra Gupta
  - D. Chandra Gupta Maruya
65. The English East India Company was founded in:
- A. 1663 A.D
  - B. 1605 A.D
  - C. 1600 A.D
  - D. 1660 A.D
66. Dastaks are:
- A. Passes for movement of goods without paying taxes
  - B. Factories of Europeans
  - C. European officials
  - D. Tolls
67. The Third Anglo-Mysore War ended with:
- A. Treaty of Paris
  - B. Treaty of Srirangapatnam
  - C. Treaty of Salbai
  - D. Treaty of Mangalore
68. Pondicherry was the main base on the Coromandel Coast of the:
- A. Dutch East India Company
  - B. English East India Company
  - C. French East India Company
  - D. Danish East India Company

69. Battle of Colachel was fought between Travancore and:  
A. French  
B. British  
C. Portuguese  
D. Dutch
70. The theory of 'Drain of Wealth' was popularised by  
A. Dadabhai Naoroji  
B. R.C. Dutt  
C. M.G. Ranade  
D. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
71. The Revolt of 1857 was started at  
A. Delhi  
B. Meerut  
C. Kanpur  
D. Lucknow
72. The Sufi movement emphasized:  
A. Rituals  
B. Warfare  
C. Trade  
D. Love and devotion
73. Who was the nawab of Bengal during the Battle of Plassey?  
A. Mir Jafar  
B. Siraj - ud - Daula  
C. Shuja - ud Daula  
D. Alivardi Khan
74. The Permanent settlement was introduced by:  
A. Lord Wellesley  
B. Lord Cornwallis  
C. Lord Hastings  
D. Lord Dalhousie
75. The Jallianwalla Bagh massacre occurred in  
A. 1917  
B. 1920  
C. 1921  
D. 1919
76. Who wrote the book "The Indian War of Independence, 1857"?  
A. R.C. Majumdar  
B. V.D. Savarkar  
C. S.N. Sen  
D. Bipan Chandra
77. Who propounded the motto "Go Back to the Vedas"?  
A. Swami Dayanada Saraswathi  
B. Raja Ram Mohan Roy  
C. Vivekananda  
D. M.G.Ranade

78. *Satya Shodak Samaj* was started by:
- A. Jyotirao Phule
  - B. B.R. Ambedkar
  - C. Atmarang Pandurang
  - D. Swami Dayanada Saraswathi
79. The immediate cause of the Vellore Mutiny was:
- A. Heavy taxation
  - B. Doctrine of Lapse
  - C. Introduction of new dress code
  - D. Land annexation
80. The Poligar Revolt mainly took place in:
- A. Bengal
  - B. Tamil Nadu
  - C. Maharashtra
  - D. Punjab
81. Pazhassi Raja belonged to which Royal family?
- A. Kottayam Royal family
  - B. Travancore Royal family
  - C. Cochin Royal family
  - D. Zamorins family
82. The Kundara proclamation was in the year
- A. 1810
  - B. 1809
  - C. 1800
  - D. 1805
83. Who were the leaders of the Santhal Rebellion?
- A. Buddho Bhagath and Chakra Bisayi
  - B. Rup Singh and Joria Bhagath
  - C. Siddhu and Kanhu
  - D. Jatra Bhagath and Hanumanthu
84. The Vernacular Press act (1878) was enacted during the tenure of:
- A. Lord Dufferin
  - B. Lord Ripon
  - C. Lord Curzon
  - D. Lord Lytton
85. The policy of Subsidiary System of Alliance was fully developed and applied by
- A. Lord Clive
  - B. Lord Cornwallis
  - C. Warren Hastings
  - D. Lord Wellesley





## **ROUGH WORK**

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