

No. of Pages. 16

Code No.

Y – 3025

Register Number :

Time : 2 Hours

Name :

Max.Marks : 100

**Entrance Examination for Admission to the P.G. Courses in the
Teaching Departments, 2026**

CSS

PHILOSOPHY

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. The Question Paper is having 100 Objective Questions, each carrying one mark.
2. The answers are to be marked **only** in the “**OMR Sheet**” provided.
3. **Negative marking** : **0.25 marks** will be deducted for each wrong answer .

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING THE OMR SHEET

- The OMR sheet should not be folded or crushed.
- Use only blue/black ball point pen to fill the circles.
- Use of pencil is strictly prohibited.
- Circles should be darkened completely and properly.
- Cutting and erasing on this sheet is not allowed.
- Do not leave any stray marks on the sheet.
- Do not use marker or white fluid to hide the mark.

• **WRONG METHODS**



CORRECT METHOD



11. 'Life Divine' is an important work of _____.
- A. Mahatma Gandhi B. K.C. Bhattacharya
C. Swami Vivekananda D. Sri Aurobindo
12. Gandhi employed the doctrine of _____ for the protection of home industry.
- A. Trusteeship B. Sarvodaya
C. Swadeshi D. Satyagraha
13. Gandhi considered _____ as the most effective form of Satyagraha.
- A. Non-Co-operation B. Civil Disobedience
C. Fasting D. Boycott
14. _____ is the author of 'Buddha and His Dhamma'.
- A. Mahatma Gandhi B. Rabindranath Tagore
C. Sree Narayana Guru D. B.R. Ambedkar
15. Who is the founder of Samkhya system?
- A. Gotama B. Kanada
C. Kapila D. Badarayana
16. _____ is the chief Architect of Indian Constitution.
- A. B.R. Ambedkar B. Jawaharlal Nehru
C. Mahatma Gandhi D. Rabindranath Tagore
17. _____ is not among the Cardinal Virtues of Plato.
- A. Justice B. Temperance
C. Courage D. Charity
18. _____ is considered as the father of Existentialism.
- A. Sartre B. Kierkegaard
C. Marcel D. Heidegger
19. 'Know thy self' is an important aphorism of _____.
- A. Plato B. Aristotle
C. Socrates D. Pythagoras.

45. Identify the odd one.
- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| A. Socrates | B. Aquinas |
| C. Augustine | D. Anselm |
46. Pre-Socratic philosophy is mainly _____.
- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| A. Axiology | B. Psychology |
| C. Cosmology | D. Mysticism |
47. Protagoras belongs to the _____ school.
- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| A. Ionian | B. Sophist |
| C. Theistic | D. Mystic |
48. _____ are considered as the branches of metaphysics.
- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| A. Axiology and Ontology | B. Ontology and cosmology |
| C. Cosmology and Axiology | D. None of the above. |
49. Platonic idealism is also known as _____.
- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| A. Subjective idealism | B. Absolute idealism |
| C. Objective idealism | D. Integral idealism |
50. _____ is the branch of philosophy that deals with the problems concerning knowledge.
- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| A. Aesthetics | B. Ethics |
| C. Epistemology | D. Metaphysics |
51. _____ is the position holding that there is no genuine knowledge.
- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| A. Skepticism | B. Empiricism |
| C. Realism | D. Rationalism |
52. Bio-ethics is an area of _____.
- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| A. Meta-ethics | B. Normative ethics |
| C. Applied ethics | D. Descriptive ethics |

ROUGH WORK

ROUGH WORK