Code No.

V - 2347

Entrance Examination for Admission to the P.G. Courses in the Teaching Departments, 2025

CSS

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

For office use only

General Instructions

- 1. The Question Paper is having 100 Objective Questions, each carrying one mark.
- 2. The answers are to be (✓) 'tick marked' **only** in the "**Response Sheet**" provided.
- 3. Negative marking: 0.25 marks will be deducted for each wrong answer.

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 100

To be filled in by the Candidate							
Register	in Figures						
Number	in words						

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Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions.

 $(100 \times 1 = 100 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Plant succession on sand dunes is termed
 - A. Psammosere
 - B. Xerosere
 - C. Halosere
 - D. Hydrosere

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- 2. Final stage of ecological succession is called
 - A. Successional Stage
 - B. Climax Community
 - C. Pioneering Stage
 - D. Transition Stage
- 3. The term "ecosystem" was first proposed by
 - A. Charles Darwin

B. Ernst Haeckel

C. Arthur Tansley

D. Eugene Odum

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4.	4. Which of the following is not an ecosystem function?								
	A. Energy flow			B. Nutrient cycling					
	С. Т	ransportation	D. [Decomposition					
5.	The	e role and position a species has in its environment is called							
	A.	Habitat	B.	Niche					
	C.	Territory	D.	Zone					
6.	Whi	ch of the following correctly match	es ar	n organism with the interaction type					
	A. L	ichen - Competition							
	B. T	ick on dog - Mutualism							
	C. S	Shark and Remora - Commensalisr	n						
	D. (Orchid on tree – Predation							
7.	The	Mycorrhizal association between	fungi	and plant roots is an example of					
	A.	Predation	B.	Parasitism					
	C.	Commensalism	D.	Mutualism					
8.	Whi	ch of the following interactions is n	egati	ve-negative (-/-)?					
	A.	Parasitism	B.	Predation					
	C.	Competition	D.	Mutualism					
9.	The	· 'Wallace Line' passes between wh	nich i	slands?					
	A.	Java and Borneo	В.	Bali and Lombok					
	C.	Sumatra and Java	D.	Borneo and Sulawesi					
10.	The	The term "biotic interchange" refers to							
	A. New invasive species emerging								
	В.	Exchange of species across form	erly s	separated regions					
	C.	Extinction of native species							
	D.	Creation of new continents							

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11.	Amazon rainforest belongs to which biogeographic realm?							
	A.	Neotropical	B.	Afrotropical				
	C.	Nearctic	D.	Palearctic				
12.	Spe	cies richness generally increases t	owar	rd				
	A.	The poles	B.	High mountains				
	C.	Equator	D.	Deserts				
13.	Indi	a's Western Ghats are classified u	nder	which biodiversity category?				
	A.	Biodiversity hotspot						
	B. Biodiversity coldspot							
	C.	C. Keystone habitat						
	D.	Evolutionary dead-end						
14.	Darwin's study of finches on Galápagos Islands is a classic example of							
	A.	A. Convergent Evolution						
	B.	. Biogeographical Drift						
	C.	Habitat Destruction						
	D.	Adaptive Radiation						
15.	Mat	ch the fauna to their realm- Kanga	roo:?					
	A.	Nearctic	B.	Oriental				
	C.	Australian	D.	Ethiopian				
16.	Which mineral is associated with Odisha's Koraput region?							
	A.	Iron Ore	B.	Bauxite				
	C.	Coal	D.	Manganese				
17.		per India's Energy Policy 2024, In	ıdia a	aims to achieve what % renewable				
	A.	30%	B.	40%				
	C.	50%	D.	60%				

18.	Which one of the following is <i>not</i> a biodiversity hotspot?							
	A.	Deccan Plateau	B.	Western Ghats				
	C.	Indo-Burma	D.	Himalaya				
19.	Proj	ect Tiger was launched in which y	ear?					
	A.	1971	B.	1972				
	C.	1973	D.	1975				
20.	The	first Biosphere Reserve establishe	ed in	India?				
	A.	Sundarbans	B.	Nilgiri				
	C.	Nanda Devi	D.	Gulf of Mannar				
21.	The largest mangrove forest in the world is							
	A.	Amazon Mangroves	B.	Mekong Delta				
	C.	Congo Mangroves	D.	Sundarbans				
22.	Which Indian state has the maximum number of National Parks?							
	A.	Assam	B.	Madhya Pradesh				
	C.	Karnataka	D.	Uttarakhand				
23.	Which of the following is an example of ex-situ conservation?							
	A.	Biosphere Reserve	B.	National Park				
	C.	Wildlife Sanctuary	D.	Botanical Garden				
24.	Which country is leading in installed wind energy capacity as of 2024?							
	A.	Germany	B.	India				
	C.	China	D.	USA				
25.	The most abundant element in the Earth's crust is							
	A.	Iron	B.	Oxygen				
	C.	Silicon	D.	Aluminium				

26.	Weathering without chemical change is called								
	A.	Biological Weathering							
	B.	Physical Weathering							
	C.	Chemical Weathering							
	D.	Carbonation							
27.	The	The youngest mountains in India are							
	A.	Aravallis	B.	Vindhyas					
	C.	Himalayas	D.	Satpuras					
28.	Which river is known as the Dakshin Ganga?								
	A.	Krishna	B.	Kaveri					
	C.	Godavari	D.	Mahanadi					
29.	Cyclones are called typhoons when they occur in								
	A.	Atlantic Ocean							
	B.	Indian Ocean							
	C.	Northwest Pacific Ocean							
	D.	Mediterranean Sea							
30.	The Richter scale measures								
	A.	Earthquake Duration							
	B.	Earthquake Magnitude							
	C.	C. Earthquake Depth							
	D.	Earthquake Location							
31.	Wh	o proposed the 'Germ Theory of Di	seas	e"?					
	A.	Louis Pasteur	B.	Robert Hooke					
	C.	Charles Darwin	D.	Isaac Newton					

32.	2. Radioactive isotope used in dating fossils:				
	A.	Uranium-238	B.	Carbon-14	
	C.	Potassium-40	D.	Lead-206	
33.	Whi	ch metal is liquid at room temperat	ure?		
	A.	Lead	B.	Mercury	
	C.	Sodium	D.	Magnesium	
34.	The	phenomenon of splitting of white I	ight ii	nto its component colours is called:	
	A.	Reflection	B.	Refraction	
	C.	Dispersion	D.	Diffraction	
35.	Cata	alyst increases the rate of reaction	by :		
	A.	Increasing activation energy			
	B.	Decreasing activation energy			
	C.	Increasing product energy			
	D.	Decreasing reactant energy			
36.	A pa	article moving at constant speed in	a cir	cle is	
	A.	In uniform linear motion			
	B.	Accelerating			
	C.	Not accelerating			
	D.	At equilibrium			
37.	Whi	ch of the following is NOT a green	house	e gas?	
	A.	Methane	B.	Carbon dioxide	
	C.	Nitrous oxide	D.	Oxygen	
38.	The	bending of waves around obstacle	es is e	called	
	A.	Diffraction	B.	Refraction	
	C.	Reflection	D.	Dispersion	

39.	Eutrophication is primarily caused by excessive input of							
	A.	Oxygen						
	B.	Nitrogen and phosphorus						
	C.	Carbon dioxide						
	D.	Sulphur compounds						
40.	Bioa	accumulation of pesticides occurs	prima	rily in				
	A.	Bones	B.	Liver				
	C.	Fat tissues	D.	Blood plasma				
41.	Turl	bidity is an indicator of						
	A.	Chemical composition	B.	Biological activity				
	C.	Dissolved oxygen	D.	Suspended solids				
42.	In a	ir pollution, PM2.5 refers to particu	late r	natter with a diameter less than				
	A.	2.5 cm	B.	2.5 mm				
	C.	2.5 micrometers	D.	2.5 nanometers				
43.	The	largest reservoir of carbon is						
	A.	Atmosphere	B.	Oceans				
	C.	Forests	D.	Soil				
44.	Whi	ich city hosted COP29 in 2024?						
	A.	Paris	B.	Glasgow				
	C.	Baku	D.	New Delhi				
45.	The	Indian Wildlife Protection Act was	enac	eted in				
	A.	1972	B.	1952				
	C.	1986	D.	1992				

46.	Point inside Earth where earthquake originates						
	A.	Epicenter	B.	Focus			
	C.	Fault Line	D.	Rift			
47.	IPC	C stands for					
	A.	Intergovernmental Panel on Clima	ate C	hange			
	B.	International Panel on Climate Co	ontrol				
	C.	International Protocol for Climate	Care				
	D.	Intergovernmental Program for Cl	limate	e Conservation			
48.	The	Montreal Protocol is associated w	ith th	e control of			
	A.	CO ₂ emissions	B.	Oil spills			
	C.	Plastic waste	D.	Ozone-depleting substances			
49.	The	'Great Pacific Garbage Patch' is n	nainly	composed of			
	A.	Heavy metals	B.	Microplastics			
	B.	Floating plants	D.	E-waste			
50.	Eart	th Overshoot Day marks:					
	A.	End of UN climate talks					
	B.	Peak global oil production					
	C.	The day humanity's resource con	sump	otion exceeds Earth's capacity			
	D.	Maximum CO ₂ , levels					
51.	Whi	ch international summit popularize	d sus	stainable development?			
	A.	Earth Summit, 1992					
	B.	Kyoto Protocol, 1997					
	C.	Paris Agreement, 2015					
	D.	Montreal Protocol, 1987					

52.	52. "Silent Spring" was authored by				
	A.	Rachel Carson	B.	Jane Goodall	
	C.	Wangari Maathai	D.	Greta Thunberg	
53.	Ene	rgy from the sun reaches Earth ma	ainly 1	through	
	A.	Conduction	B.	Convection	
	C.	Radiation	D.	Reflection	
54.	Whi	ch type of electromagnetic radiatio	n caı	uses the greenhouse effect?	
	A.	Ultraviolet rays	B.	Infrared radiation	
	C.	X-rays	D.	Gamma rays	
55.	The	process of converting nitrates into	nitro	gen gas is called	
	A.	Nitrification	B.	Ammonification	
	C.	Denitrification	D.	Fixation	
56.	Whi	ch metal is known to cause Itai-Itai	dise	ase?	
	A.	Lead	B.	Mercury	
	C.	Cadmium	D.	Arsenic	
57.	Dev	rice used to measure atmospheric	oress	sure is called:	
	A.	Thermometer	B.	Barometer	
	C.	Altimeter	D.	Hygrometer	
58.	Whi	ch biome is known for permafrost s	soil?		
	A.	Desert	B.	Tundra	
	C.	Tropical rainforest	D.	Savanna	
59.	A sp	pecies found only in a particular reg	gion i	s called:	
	A.	Alien	B.	Endangered	
	C.	Endemic	D.	Threatened	

60.	60. The "One Sun One World One Grid" (OSOWOG) initiative is led by :			
	A.	USA	B.	China
	C.	India	D.	Australia
61.		ich year was declared the 'Inter	natio	nal Year of Sustainable Mountain
	A.	2021	B.	2022
	C.	2023	D.	2024
62.	Whi	ich international summit introduced	Age	nda 21?
	A.	Johannesburg Summit	B.	Rio Summit
	C.	Copenhagen Summit	D.	Paris Summit
63.	The	theme for Earth Day 2025 is likely	to fo	ocus on :
	A.	Renewable Energy	B.	Climate Change
	C.	Forest Conservation	D.	Air Quality
64.	The	Ramsar Convention is related to :		
	A.	Climate change	B.	Wetlands
	C.	Forests	D.	Oceans
65.	The	REDD+ mechanism relates to		
	A.	Fisheries management		
	B.	Forest conservation		
	C.	Air quality monitoring		
	D.	Groundwater recharge		
66.	The	three "Rs" of waste management	hiera	rchy is/are-
	A.	Reduce, Redox and Reoxidation		
	B.	Reuse, Reimburse and Regain		
	C.	Regain, Recycle and Resend		
	D.	Reduce, Reuse and Recycle		

67.	. Which zone of a lake has the highest productivity?			
	A.	Littoral Zone	B.	Limnetic Zone
	C.	Profundal Zone	D.	Benthic Zone
68.	Whi	ch of the following gases is used in	n refr	igerators and damages ozone?
	A.	CO ₂	B.	CFC
	C.	CH ₄	D.	O_3
69.	Var	iance is the square of :		
	A.	Mean	B.	Median
	C.	Standard Deviation	D.	Mode
70.	In a	two-sample t-test, the two sample	s mu	st be
	A.	Dependent	B.	Independent
	C.	Categorical	D.	Ranked
71.	The	soil horizon rich in organic materia	al is c	called
	A.	A-horizon	B.	B-horizon
	C.	C-horizon	D.	R-horizon
72.		ch of the following gases has VP)?	the	highest Global Warming Potential
	A.	CO ₂	B.	CH ₄
	C.	N_2O	D.	SF ₆
73.	The	main ion present in hard water is		
	A.	Na ⁺	В.	Mg ²⁺
	C.	$K^{\scriptscriptstyle{+}}$	D.	CI ⁻

74.	Whi	ch organization publishes the Red	organization publishes the Red Data Book?			
	A.	WWF	B.	UNEP		
	C.	IUCN	D.	WHO		
75	The	solar constant is approximately				
70.	A.	1361 W/m ²	В.	1000 W/m²		
		500 W/m ²	D.			
	0.			2000		
76.	The	first national park in India is				
	A.	Gir	B.	Jim Corbett		
	C.	Kaziranga	D.	Bandhavgarh		
77.	Bior	nagnification refers to				
	A.	Increase in species diversity				
	B.	Increase in pollutant concentration	n alo	ng food chains		
	C.	Decrease in pollutant concentration	on			
	D.	Magnification of genetic traits				
78.	The	Mohs scale is used to measure				
	A.	Hardness of minerals				
	B.	Density of rocks				
	C.	Temperature of lava				
	D.	Thickness of soil				
79.	The	study of algae is called				
	A.	Mycology	B.	Bryology		
	C.	Phycology	D.	Ecology		
80.	Inte	rnational Day of Forests is celebrat	ted o	n:		
	A.	5 th June	B.	21 st March		
	C.	23 rd March	D.	16 th October		

81.	DDT is an example of:							
	A.	Biodegradable pesticide						
	B.	Non-biodegradable pesticide						
	C.							
	D.	Fertilizer						
82. Bhopal Gas tragedy in 1984 was caused by								
	A.	Carbonyl chloride						
	B.	Carbon monoxide						
	C.	Methyl cyanide						
	D.	Methyl isocyanate						
83.	of thermodynamics?							
	A.	Entropy	B.	Enthalpy				
	C.	Internal Energy	D.	Work function				
84.	4. Dobson unit is a measure of concentration of							
	A.	PAN	B.	CFC				
	C.	Ozone	D.	PAH				
85.	The	The Energy flow is						
	A.	Unidirectional						
	B.	Cyclic						
	C.	Sometimes cyclic						
	D.	Always Unidirectional						
86.	Dioxin is							
	A.	a pesticide						
	B.	a petrochemicals						
	C.	a heavy metal						
	D.	an organic chemical						

87.	The as	The transitional zone between freshwater and terrestrial ecosystems is known as					
	A.	Riparian Zone	B.	Hyporheic Zone			
	C.	Benthic Zone	D.	Epilimnetic Zone			
88.	Whi	Which harmful metal can be found in newspaper ink?					
	A.	Cd	B.	Pb			
	C.	Mg	D.	Hg			
89.	Largest amount of freshwater is present in						
	A.	Lakes					
	B.	Rivers					
	C.	Underground					
	D.	Glaciers and Polar Ice					
90.	A h	A hazardous waste is characterised by					
	A.	Ignitibility	B.	Reactivity			
	C.	Toxicity	D.	All of the above			
91.	Nat	Natural gas is composed primarily of :					
	A.	Methane					
	B.	n-butane					
	C.	n-octane					
	D.	A mixture of n-butane and n-octa	ne				
92.	Lightening in the atmosphere produces						
	A.	NO	B.	CO			
	C.	CO ₂	D.	NH_3			
93.	Identify mesoscale phenomenon						
	A.	Tornado	B.	Sea breeze			
	C.	Cyclone	D.	Eddies			

94.	The atmospheric layer which is in contact with the surface of Earth is called					
	A.	Stratosphere	B.	Ionosphere		
	C.	Troposphere	D.	Mesosphere		
95.	Ozone hole in the stratosphere was discovered over the continent of					
	A.	North America	B.	Australia		
	C.	Greenland	D.	Antarctica		
96.	96. Carbon monoxide is harmful for human because					
97	A.	It is carcinogenic				
	B.	It damages kidney				
	C.	It competes with oxygen in blood				
	D.	It changes pH of body				
97.	Taj l	Taj Mahal is threatened due to the effect of				
	A.	Chlorine	B.	Sulphur dioxide		
	C.	Oxygen	D.	Hydrogen		
98. Component of biosphere related to soil is						
	A.	Lithosphere	B.	Hydrosphere		
	C.	Atmosphere	D.	None of the above		
99.	Which of the following term is related to coal					
	A.	Magnesite	B.	Limonite		
	C.	Bituminous	D.	Haematite		
100. At what temperature does pure water reach its maximum density?						
	A.	0°C	B.	4°C		
	C.	25°C	D.	100°C		

RESPONSE SHEET

1 A B C	D E 26	A B C D E	51 A B C D E	76 A B C D E
2 A B C	D E 27	ABCDE	52 A B C D E	77 A B C D E
3 A B C	D E 28	BABCDE	53 A B C D E	78 A B C D E
4 A B C	D E 29	ABCDE	54 A B C D E	79 A B C D E
5 A B C	D E 30	ABCDE	55 A B C D E	80 A B C D E
6 A B C	D E 31	ABCDE	56 A B C D E	81 A B C D E
7 A B C	D E 32	ABCDE	57 A B C D E	82 A B C D E
8 A B C	D E 33	BABCDE	58 A B C D E	83 A B C D E
9 A B C	D E 34	A B C D E	59 A B C D E	84 A B C D E
10 A B C	D E 35	A B C D E	60 A B C D E	85 A B C D E
11 A B C	D E 36	A B C D E	61 A B C D E	86 A B C D E
12 A B C	D E 37	ABCDE	62 A B C D E	87 A B C D E
13 A B C	D E 38	BABCDE	63 A B C D E	88 A B C D E
14 A B C	D E 39	ABCDE	64 A B C D E	89 A B C D E
15 A B C	D E 40	ABCDE	65 A B C D E	90 A B C D E
16 A B C	D E 41	ABCDE	66 A B C D E	91 A B C D E
17 A B C	D E 42	ABCDE	67 A B C D E	92 A B C D E
18 A B C	D E 43	BABCDE	68 A B C D E	93 A B C D E
19 A B C	D E 44	ABCDE	69 A B C D E	94 A B C D E
20 A B C	D E 45	A B C D E	70 A B C D E	95 A B C D E
21 A B C	D E 46	A B C D E	71 A B C D E	96 A B C D E
22 A B C	D E 47	ABCDE	72 A B C D E	97 A B C D E
23 A B C	D E 48	BABCDE	73 A B C D E	98 A B C D E
24 A B C	D E 49	ABCDE	74 A B C D E	99 A B C D E
25 A B C	D E 50	ABCDE	75 A B C D E	100 A B C D E

ROUGH WORK

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