

Code No.

**V – 2318**

**Entrance Examination for Admission to the P.G. Courses in the  
Teaching Departments, 2025**

**CSS**

**ISLAMIC HISTORY**

For office use only

**General Instructions**

1. The Question Paper is having 100 Objective Questions, each carrying one mark.
2. The answers are to be (✓) 'tick marked' **only** in the "**Response Sheet**" provided.
3. **Negative marking : 0.25 marks** will be deducted for each wrong answer .

**Time : 2 Hours**

**Max. Marks : 100**

To be filled in by the Candidate

Register Number	in Figures								
	in words								

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Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions.

**(100 × 1 = 100 marks)**

1. Which of the following historian laid the foundation of the 'Science of Culture'?
  - A. Ibn Khaldun
  - B. Ibn al Rushd
  - C. Toynbee
  - D. Auguste Comte

**DO NOT WRITE HERE**

2. The ----- is contains the List of books, journals, reports, etc,
  - A. Content page
  - B. Appendix
  - C. Bibliography
  - D. Acknowledgement
3. A Questionnaire consists of -----.
  - A. Information
  - B. Questions
  - C. Data
  - D. None of these
4. The famous desert 'Al Rab al Khali' is located in
  - A. North of Arabia
  - B. East of Arabia
  - C. West of Arabia
  - D. South of Arabia

5. The term 'Jahiliya' stands for
- A. Times of ignorance
  - B. Times of health
  - C. Times of rainy season
  - D. Times of wars
6. Who was the spokesman of Muslims in the Court of Negus?
- A. Zaid ibn Thabit
  - B. Jafar ibn Abi Talib
  - C. Uthman ibn Affan
  - D. Abu Hurairah
7. The Prophet Muhammad received the first Quranic revelation in
- A. Taif
  - B. Tabuk
  - C. Cave of Hira
  - D. Cave of Thaur
8. 'Sahih-al-Sittah' refers to
- A. Collection of poems
  - B. Collection of Hadith
  - C. Collection of Arabic stories
  - D. Collection of Quranic verses
9. The battle of Uhd took place in the year
- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. 622 CE | B. 623 CE |
| C. 624CE  | D. 625 CE |

10. 'Nahjul Balagha' is the sayings of
- A. Abu Bakr
  - B. Umar ibn al Khattab
  - C. Uthman ibn Affan
  - D. Hazrat Ali
11. Who is known as the mother of believers?
- A. Khadeeja
  - B. Hafsa
  - C. Fathima
  - D. Ayisha
12. The first civil war in Islam is
- A. Battle of Badr
  - B. Battle of Qadisiya
  - C. Battle of Bridge
  - D. Battle of Camel
13. Kheraj is \_\_\_\_\_ Tax.
- A. Land Tax
  - B. Poll Tax
  - C. Spoil of War
  - D. Sadaqa
14. The Kharijites arosed during the battle of \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Battle of Buwaib
  - B. Battle of Siffin
  - C. Battle of Jamal
  - D. Battle of Yermuk
15. The term Islam means
- A. Submission
  - B. Thankfulness
  - C. Fortunate
  - D. Adjustable

16. The last Umayyad ruler at Damascus was
- Marwan II
  - Adul Aziz
  - Adul Rahman
  - None of these
17. The first Islamic coins were struck at Damascus by
- Muawiyah
  - Abdul Malik
  - Yazid
  - Al Walid
18. Wasil ibn Ata was the founder of
- Asharites
  - Mutazilites
  - Qadarites
  - None of these
19. Umayyad amirate in Spain was established by
- Abdullah
  - Marwan
  - Abu Sufiyan
  - Abdu Rahman I
20. Who was the ruler of Sindh while Muhammad ibn Qasim attacked Sindh?
- Roderic
  - Ibn Furat
  - Dahir
  - Sibwalih
21. Father of Alchemy was
- Jabir ibn Hayyan
  - Hunayn ibn Ishaq
  - Ibrahim II
  - Ibn Sina
22. 'Kitab-al-Buldan' deals with
- Chronology
  - Topology
  - Topography
  - Historiography

23. The chief Physician of Bagdad hospital was
- A. Ibn Bakthushi
  - B. Ibn Sina
  - C. Ibn Arabi
  - D. Ibn Rushd
24. The first hospital in Islam, Bimaristani was founded by
- A. Al Mutawakkil
  - B. Harun al Rashid
  - C. Abdul Malik
  - D. Al Amin
25. Baghdad was conquered and sacked by Hulegu Khan in
- A. 1262 CE
  - B. 1258 CE
  - C. 1265 CE
  - D. 1257 CE
26. Cordova is a city of
- A. Libya
  - B. Lebanon
  - C. Al Andaluz
  - D. Egypt
27. Who was the most famous Oculist of the Arabs?
- A. Ali ibn Isa
  - B. Ibn Khaldun
  - C. Al Khwarizmi
  - D. Al Razi
28. When was Constantinople captured by Ottomans?
- A. 1375 CE
  - B. 1434 CE
  - C. 1453 CE
  - D. 1543 CE
29. Who was known as the Nero of Arabs?
- A. Mutawakkil
  - B. Al Mutasim
  - C. Al Abbas
  - D. Harun al Rashid

30. The Diwan al Ziman stands for
- A. Finance
  - B. Police
  - C. Taxes
  - D. Audit and Accounts
31. Before converted to Islam the Persians remained as
- A. The Jews
  - B. The Christians
  - C. The Zoroastrians
  - D. The Slaves
32. Founder of the Ottoman dynasty
- A. Osman I
  - B. Erthugal
  - C. Orkhan
  - D. Murad I
33. Who known as the Grand Turk in the history of Ottoman Sultanate?
- A. Muhammad II
  - B. Murat I
  - C. Sulaiman Qanooni
  - D. Selim I
34. The word meaning of the term Istanbul
- A. World of Islam
  - B. City of Islam
  - C. Love of Islam
  - D. None of these
35. The Crimean War took place in
- A. 1850-51 CE
  - B. 1853-54 CE
  - C. 1853-56 CE
  - D. 1857-58 CE
36. A soldier in the elite termed of the Ottoman as
- A. Janissary
  - B. Pasha
  - C. Ulama
  - D. Mansab
37. Another name of 'Harem' is
- A. Destiny Place
  - B. Sorrow Place
  - C. Faith Place
  - D. None of these

38. The Treaty of Kawlowitz signed in  
A. 1697 CE B. 1695 CE  
C. 1699 CE D. 1696 CE
39. Who was the father of Mahmud Gaznavi?  
A. Sybuktgin B. Albeyuni  
C. Qadirbillah D. Mahmud Gavan
40. When did Muhammad Gori invade India?  
A. 1176 CE B. 1175 CE  
C. 1171 CE D. 1166 CE
41. Who was appointed as the ambassador to China during the time of Muhammad Ibn Tughlaq?  
A. Barbaros B. Al Barani  
C. Ibn Battuta D. Ibn Khaldun
42. Name the Sufi saint whose philosophy greatly influenced Aurangzeb.  
A. Shaik Ahmad B. Salim Chishti  
C. Ahmad Sha Waliyullah D. Ajmeer Khwaja
43. The 'Iqtadar' during the period of the Delhi Sultanate were also known as  
A. Maliks B. Muqtil  
C. Qazi D. Amir
44. Who was a Shahna?  
A. Military Commander B. District Head  
C. Market Superintendent D. Postal Head
45. Which one of the cities was not founded by Feroz Tughlaq?  
A. Hissar B. Tughluqabad  
C. Firozabad D. Jaunpur



46. The chain of justice is associated with whom?
- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| A. Jahangir | B. Akbar    |
| C. Babur    | D. Shajahan |
47. When was the Bahmani Kingdom founded?
- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| A. 1325 CE | B. 1437 CE |
| C. 1437 CE | D. 1431 CE |
48. Which Bakti saint's oral teaching are collected in the Bijaka and the Sukhnida?
- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| A. Kabir Das  | B. Guru Nanak |
| C. Tulasi Das | D. Surdas     |
49. Who among the following Mughal ministers was the paymaster-general as well?
- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| A. Diwan       | B. Mir Bakshi |
| C. Khab-i-Sama | D. Wakil      |
50. Taj Mahal was designed by
- |                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| A. Ustad Isa   | B. Ustad Mansry    |
| C. Ustad Rahim | D. Ustad Shamsheer |
51. Who was the author of 'Kitab-al-Hind'?
- |               |              |
|---------------|--------------|
| A. Abu Said   | B. Firdousi  |
| C. Abul Fazal | D. Al Baruni |
52. Who was the founder of Advaita Vada of the doctrine of non-dualism?
- |                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| A. Adi Shankaracharya | B. Swami Vivekananda |
| C. Ramanuja           | D. Surdas            |
53. Which of the following Sikh Guru compiled the Adi Granth?
- |                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| A. Guru Nanak     | B. Guru Govind Singh |
| C. Guru Arjun Dev | D. Guru Hari Raj     |

54. Which of the following text introduces Bhakti Marga as one of the three ways to spiritual freedom and release?
- |                       |               |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| A. The Vedas          | B. Brahmanas  |
| C. The Bhagwat Geetha | D. Upanishads |
55. The holy text of Christianity is
- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| A. Holy Quran    | B. Holy Bible    |
| C. Holy Ramayana | D. None of these |
56. Zamorins are the rulers of
- |           |               |
|-----------|---------------|
| A. Kochi  | B. Kozhikode  |
| C. kannur | D. Travancore |
57. Participants in the Treaty of Ponnani in 06 December 1539 are
- |                         |
|-------------------------|
| A. Dutch and Portuguese |
| B. Zamorin and Dutch    |
| C. Portuguese and Kochi |
| D. None of these        |
58. The Headquarters of Kunjali Marakkar was
- |              |                |
|--------------|----------------|
| A. Calicut   | B. Chaliyam    |
| C. Kottakkal | D. Edavanakkad |
59. Who was known as 'the king of the Moors' among the following Kunjalis?
- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| A. Kunjali I   | B. Kunjali II |
| C. Kunjali III | D. Kunjali IV |
60. Vasco da Gama landed at Kappadu in
- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| A. 1497 CE | B. 1499 CE |
| C. 1498 CE | D. 1496 CE |

61. Which was the first European fort in India?
- |               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| A. Pallipuram | B. Chaliyam |
| C. Kottakkal  | D. Angengo  |
62. 'Malabar Manual' was written by
- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| A. Itti Achuthan | B. Alexander     |
| C. Appu Bhatt    | D. William Logan |
63. The book 'Marumakkathayam' was written by
- Makthi Thangal
  - K.M. Moulavi
  - Vakkom Abdul Khader Moulavi
  - Hamdani Thangal
64. Who considered as the pioneer reformer of religious education of the Muslims in Kerala?
- Muhammad Abdu Rahman Sahib
  - Vakkom Abdul Khader Moulavi
  - Chalilakath Kunjhamad Haji
  - Makthi Thangal
65. Name of the Arabic-Sanskrit-Malayalam dictionary of Hamadani Thangal.
- |                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| A. Al-Kasshat    | B. The Muslim      |
| C. Salahul Islam | D. Swadeshabhimani |
66. Who considered as the father of Muslim renaissance in Kerala?
- Hamadani Thangal
  - Vakkom Abdul Khader Moulavi
  - Chalilakath Kunjahmad Haji
  - E Moidu Moulavi

67. The Kerala Muslim Aikya Sangham was founded in  
 A. 1920 CE B. 1921 CE  
 C. 1922 CE D. 1925 CE
68. Wagon Tragedy took place in  
 A. 1921 November 17  
 B. 1921 November 10  
 C. 1921 December 17  
 D. 1921 December 10
69. Capital of Arackal Dynasty in Kerala  
 A. Kozhikode B. Cannore  
 C. Kochi D. Ezhimala
70. Headquarters of Tipu Sultan in Malabar  
 A. Calicut B. Palakkad  
 C. Feroke D. Kollam
71. Sukuk is an Arabic name stands for  
 A. Financial Liabilities B. Financial Certificates  
 C. Financial Assets D. Financial Loans
72. The Islamic term for Barter system is  
 A. Khiyar B. Mutalaq  
 C. Muqayaza D. Inhaq
73. The voluntary charity in Islam termed as  
 A. Zakat B. Sadaqa  
 C. Jizya D. Kharaj
74. The third pillar of Islam is  
 A. Hajj B. Fasting  
 C. Prayer D. Zakat

75. In Islamic theory the ultimate owner of man's every possession is
- |            |                   |
|------------|-------------------|
| A. Allah   | B. Prophets       |
| C. Khalifa | D. The Government |
76. Who was the author of 'Kitab-al-Keraj' was?
- |                |              |
|----------------|--------------|
| A. Ibn Khaldun | B. Abu Yusuf |
| C. Al Ghazali  | D. Al Farabi |
77. Raghuram Rajan Committee Report was released on the year
- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| A. 2005 | B. 2006 |
| C. 2007 | D. 2008 |
78. Abbreviation of IDB in Islamic economies and banking
- |                             |
|-----------------------------|
| A. Islamic Development Bank |
| B. Islamic Diplomatic Bank  |
| C. Indian Development Bank  |
| D. Iranian Development Bank |
79. The term refers interest free loan is
- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| A. Ijara       | B. Qard Hasan |
| C. Bai Muajjal | D. Mudaraba   |
80. Public treasury in Islam is known as
- |                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| A. Bait-al-Mal | B. Rabb-al-Mal     |
| C. Amanath     | D. Diwan-i-Bndagan |
81. After the First World War, Syria came under the mandatorship of
- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| A. Britain | B. France  |
| C. Russia  | D. Germany |
82. The idea of Zionism was first mooted by whom?
- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| A. Theodor Herzel | B. Lord Rothchild |
| C. Leon Pinsker   | D. Chainevizmann  |

83. Adul Rahman al Kawakibi was regarded as the father of
- A. Egyptian Nationalism
  - B. Turkish Nationalism
  - C. Arab Nationalism
  - D. Syrian Nationalism
84. Which treaty marked the end of the political career of Muhammad Ali?
- A. Treaty Jeddah
  - B. Treaty of Cairo
  - C. Sykes-Picot Agreement
  - D. None of the above
85. Wafd party was established by
- A. Mustafa Kamal Pasha
  - B. Ahmad Arabi
  - C. Jamaluddin Afghani
  - D. Saadzaghulul
86. For which community were seats reserved by the Minto-Morley reforms
- A. The Muslims
  - B. The Hindus
  - C. The Christians
  - D. The Sikhs
87. Which Kingdom did Dalhousie say that it was a Cherry that will drop into our month one day?
- A. Kingdom of Awadh
  - B. Kingdom of Deccan
  - C. Vijayanagar Kingdom
  - D. Bahmani Kingdom
88. Who started non-cooperation movement during British India?
- A. Mahatma Gandhi
  - B. Jawahar Lal Nehru
  - C. Sir Sayyid Ahmand Khan
  - D. B.R. Ambedkar

89. The Rowlatt act was passed in the year  
A. 18 March 1917  
B. 18 March 1919  
C. 18 April 1919  
D. 19 March 1919
90. Right to freedom of Religion is provided in the Indian Constitution under  
A. Article 21  
B. Article 14-18  
C. Article 25  
D. Article 19
91. The city of Fez was founded by  
A. Idrisid Dynasty  
B. The Aghlabid Dynasty  
C. Tughlaq Dynasty  
D. The Fatimid Dynasty
92. Sultan Salahudin Ayyubi was a  
A. A. Turkish  
B. A. Kurdish  
C. An Albanian  
D. An Egyptian
93. The theory of Irtifaqat given by whom  
A. Shah Waliullah Dahlawi  
B. Al Mansur  
C. Yusuf al Qaddafi  
D. Hassan al Banna
94. Syed Sulaiman Nadavi also served as an editor of  
A. Kitab-al-Ibr  
B. Sirat-un-Nabi  
C. Tariq-al-Islam  
D. Tafsir-al-Quran
95. Where is the permanent headquarters of Arab League is  
A. Saudi Arabia  
B. Turkey  
C. Cairo  
D. Bagdad

96. When was Universal Declaration of Human Rights adopted?
- A. 10 December 1948
  - B. 7 November 1987
  - C. 01 December 1950
  - D. 26 January 1956
97. The famous city of Gaza is at
- A. Jordan
  - B. Iran
  - C. Palestine
  - D. Egypt
98. Who was the warrior Queen in the 1857 war of Independence?
- A. Phoolan Devi
  - B. Arundhati Roy
  - C. Rani of Jhansi
  - D. Mariyam Jameela
99. Who was the best-known female scholar of Hadith in Egypt?
- A. Sayyida Nafisa
  - B. Fathima bint Mussa
  - C. Habeeba Hussayn
  - D. Rabia Basri
100. The work 'Tarjuman-al-Quran' is written by
- A. Abul Ala Mowdudi
  - B. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
  - C. Sir Sayyid Ahmand Khan
  - D. Allam Muhammad Iqbal



# RESPONSE SHEET

1	A	B	C	D	E
2	A	B	C	D	E
3	A	B	C	D	E
4	A	B	C	D	E
5	A	B	C	D	E
6	A	B	C	D	E
7	A	B	C	D	E
8	A	B	C	D	E
9	A	B	C	D	E
10	A	B	C	D	E
11	A	B	C	D	E
12	A	B	C	D	E
13	A	B	C	D	E
14	A	B	C	D	E
15	A	B	C	D	E
16	A	B	C	D	E
17	A	B	C	D	E
18	A	B	C	D	E
19	A	B	C	D	E
20	A	B	C	D	E
21	A	B	C	D	E
22	A	B	C	D	E
23	A	B	C	D	E
24	A	B	C	D	E
25	A	B	C	D	E
26	A	B	C	D	E
27	A	B	C	D	E
28	A	B	C	D	E
29	A	B	C	D	E
30	A	B	C	D	E
31	A	B	C	D	E
32	A	B	C	D	E
33	A	B	C	D	E
34	A	B	C	D	E
35	A	B	C	D	E
36	A	B	C	D	E
37	A	B	C	D	E
38	A	B	C	D	E
39	A	B	C	D	E
40	A	B	C	D	E
41	A	B	C	D	E
42	A	B	C	D	E
43	A	B	C	D	E
44	A	B	C	D	E
45	A	B	C	D	E
46	A	B	C	D	E
47	A	B	C	D	E
48	A	B	C	D	E
49	A	B	C	D	E
50	A	B	C	D	E
51	A	B	C	D	E
52	A	B	C	D	E
53	A	B	C	D	E
54	A	B	C	D	E
55	A	B	C	D	E
56	A	B	C	D	E
57	A	B	C	D	E
58	A	B	C	D	E
59	A	B	C	D	E
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61	A	B	C	D	E
62	A	B	C	D	E
63	A	B	C	D	E
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66	A	B	C	D	E
67	A	B	C	D	E
68	A	B	C	D	E
69	A	B	C	D	E
70	A	B	C	D	E
71	A	B	C	D	E
72	A	B	C	D	E
73	A	B	C	D	E
74	A	B	C	D	E
75	A	B	C	D	E
76	A	B	C	D	E
77	A	B	C	D	E
78	A	B	C	D	E
79	A	B	C	D	E
80	A	B	C	D	E
81	A	B	C	D	E
82	A	B	C	D	E
83	A	B	C	D	E
84	A	B	C	D	E
85	A	B	C	D	E
86	A	B	C	D	E
87	A	B	C	D	E
88	A	B	C	D	E
89	A	B	C	D	E
90	A	B	C	D	E
91	A	B	C	D	E
92	A	B	C	D	E
93	A	B	C	D	E
94	A	B	C	D	E
95	A	B	C	D	E
96	A	B	C	D	E
97	A	B	C	D	E
98	A	B	C	D	E
99	A	B	C	D	E
100	A	B	C	D	E

## **ROUGH WORK**

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