Code No.	T - 2088
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En	trance Exam			dmissio Departm			Cours	es in th	ne `
				CSS					
			ARCI	HAEOL	.OGY				
			Gener	al Instru	<u>ctions</u>				
1. The	Question Paper	is havin	g 100 O	bjective	Questior	ns, each	carrying	one ma	rk.
2. The	answers are to	be (✔) 't	ick mark	ed' only	in the " F	Respons	e Sheet	t" provide	∋d.
3. <u>Neg</u>	ative marking	0.25 ma	arks will	be dedu	cted for	each wro	ong ansv	ver.	
Time : 2 I	Hours						N	/lax. Mai	rks : 100
To be fille	ed in by the Car	ndidate							
Register	in Figures								
Number	in words								

Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions.

 $(100 \times 1 = 100 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Which goddess in Hinduism is considered as the goddess of learning
 - A. Saraswati
 - B. Durga
 - C. Lakshmi
 - D. Maheswari

DONOTWRITEHERE

- 2. According to the Buddhist tradition, Gauthama Buddha was born in ————.
 - A. Kasi

B. Lumbini

C. Sarnath

- D. Gaya
- 3. Who among the following is considered as the first Tirthankara?
 - A. Mahavira

B. Rishabanatha

C. Parswanatha

D. Neminatha

Car	akasamhita is a text on		
A.	Politics	B.	Grammar
C.	Astronomy	D.	Ayurveda
Whi	ch among the following places doe	s not	t have a synagogue?
A.	Mattancherry	B.	Mala
C.	Paravur	D.	Kottayam
		edly o	constructed by which of the following
A.	Shajahan	B.	Akbar
C.	Sher Shah Suri	D.	Qutub-ud-din-Aibak
Wha	at is the meaning of the Arabic wor	d Hijr	ra?
A.	Migration	B.	Refuge
C.	Suffering	D.	Brotherhood
Acc	ording to tradition, how many apos	tles c	or disciples did Jesus have?
A.	13	B.	12
C.	10	D.	15
Zora	aster or Zarathushtra was a native	of —	
A.	Italy	B.	China
C.	India	D.	Iran
Whi	ch among the following is not a pa	rt of t	he Vedatrayi?
A.	Rigveda	B.	Yajurveda
C.	Samaveda	D.	Atharvaveda
	A. C. Whi A. C. The rule A. C. Acc A. C. Zora A. C. Whi A.	C. Astronomy Which among the following places does A. Mattancherry C. Paravur The Grand Trunk Road was suppose rulers? A. Shajahan C. Sher Shah Suri What is the meaning of the Arabic work A. Migration C. Suffering According to tradition, how many apose A. 13 C. 10 Zoraster or Zarathushtra was a native A. Italy C. India Which among the following is not a particular and the particular a	A. Politics B. C. Astronomy D. Which among the following places does not all and another and a supposedly of the control of t

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11.	VVII	at is the study of stamps called?		
	A.	Numismatics	B.	Philately
	C.	Philology	D.	Palaeontology
12.	Alex	cander is supposed to have invade	d Ind	ia
	A.	327 BCE	B.	300 BCE
	C.	200 BCE	D.	563 BCE
13.	Who	authored Allahabad Prasasti?		
	A.	Kautaliya	B.	Kalidasa
	C.	Banabhatta	D.	Harisena
14.	Meg	asthenes is the author of which bo	ook?	
	A.	Indica	B.	Historia
	C.	Naturalis Historia	D.	Vienna Papyrus
15.	Whi	ch of the following sites in Kerala is	s fam	ous for rock paintings?
	A.	Tovari	B.	Edakkkal
	C.	Pooyamkutty	D.	Marayoor
16.	The	Kailasa Temple, Ellora belongs to	whic	h period?
	A.	Cholas	B.	Rashtrakutas
	C.	Guptas	D.	Senas
17.	The	World Heritage Day is celebrated	on	
	A.	April 18	B.	May 20
	C.	March 8	D.	November 14

18. The largest known pre-urban Harappan cemetery is found in which site				
	A.	Harappa	B.	Rakhigarhi
	C.	Surkotada	D.	Khatiya
19.	Nar	me the third dynasty to rule over the	e Del	hi Sultanate.
	A.	Slave Dynasty	B.	Tughluks
	C.	Timurids	D.	Khaljis
20.	The	city of Fatehpur Sikri was founded	l by v	vhom?
	A.	Akbar	B.	Babur
	C.	Shajahan	D.	Jahangir
21.	Aur	angzeb's Tomb is situated at		
	A.	Sikandra	B.	Agra
	C.	Delhi	D.	Khuldabad
22.	Wh	o discovered the vaccine for small	pox?	
	A.	Edward Jenner	B.	Ronald Ross
	C.	Louis Pasteur	D.	Alfred Nobel
23.	Fer	rous is commonly referred to which	of th	ne following metals?
	A.	Bronze	B.	Copper
	C.	Iron	D.	Gold
24.	N _a F	ICO ₃ is also known as		
	A.	Baking Soda	B.	Bleaching Powder
	C.	Fly Ash	D.	Copper Oxide

25.	Wha	at does the word terracotta mean?		
	A.	Baked clay	B.	Wheel made pottery
	C.	Chinese pottery	D.	Kaolin
26.	Rad	liocarbon is which kind of dating m	ethoc	1?
	A.	Absolute	B.	Relative
	C.	Reactive	D.	Chemical
27.	We	are living in which era now?		
	A.	Eocene	B.	Oligocene
	C.	Holocene	D.	Miocene
28.	Acid	d turns the litmus to ———— o	colou	r.
	A.	White	B.	Blue
	C.	Red	D.	Green
29.	The	cropping season of rice is ———		_
	A.	kharif	B.	rabi
	C.	bigha	D.	zamin
30.	The	presence of oxygen that acceler condition.	ates	deterioration of objects is known as
	A.	evaporation	B.	anaerobic
	C.	aerobic	D.	oxalic
31.	Whi	ch of the following carries blood av	vay fr	rom the heart?
	A.	liver	B.	veins
	C.	lungs	D.	arteries

32. Haematite is the chief ore of which metal?				
	A.	Aluminium	B.	Iron
	C.	Helium	D.	Petroleum
33.	Har	mpi is located in which state?		
	A.	Karnataka	B.	Bihar
	C.	Madhya Pradesh	D.	West Bengal
34.	Mal	khali Gosala is associated with whi	ch re	ligion?
	A.	Jainism	B.	Ajivaka
	C.	Buddhism	D.	Sikhism
35.	Nat	araja is an iconographic form of —		 .
	A.	Siva	B.	Brahma
	C.	Vishnu	D.	Narasimha
36.	Nar	me the earliest silver coinage in Ind	lia?	
	A.	moulded corns	B.	die-struck coins
	C.	punch marked coins	D.	bullion coins
37.	Jan	tar Mantar, the astronomical Obse	rvato	ry was commissioned by which ruler
	A.	Sawai Jai Singh	B.	Prithviraj Chauhan
	C.	Humayun	D.	Sangamagrama Madhavan
38.	Wh	ich of the following is not a grand s	lam t	ournament in tennis?
	A.	Wimbledon	B.	US Open
	C.	Qatar Open	D.	French Open

39.	vvn	o wrote an autobiography titled <i>Nja</i>	nenn	na Bharatheeyan?
	A.	Iravatham Mahadevan	B.	K.K. Mohamed
	C.	Jawaharlal Nehru	D.	Babu Rajeev
40.	The	process of killing bacteria in foods	by th	ne application of heat is called
	A.	Pasteurization	B.	Sterilization
	C.	Immunization	D.	Indigestion
41.	Wh	at does the word photovoltaic mea	n?	
	A.	Light-Electricity	B.	Solar Powered
	C.	Lithium-ion	D.	Nickel-cadmium
42.	Wh	ich among the following ancient Gr	eek p	philosophers wrote Republic?
	A.	Socrates	B.	Plato
	C.	Aristotle	D.	Strabo
43.	Ust	ad Zakir Husain is associated with		
	A.	Kathak	B.	Tabla
	C.	Nautanki	D.	Sitar
44.		urch of Epiphany, that has recently tural Heritage Conservation, is loca		ured UNESCO Asia-Pacific Award for n which state?
	A.	Kerala	B.	Manipur
	C.	Goa	D.	Haryana
45.	Wh	at is the common name of Oryza s	ativa	?
	A.	Wheat	B.	Rice
	C.	Millets	D.	Banana
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46.	The	Abolition Act and Emancipation P	roclaı	mation are associated with ———.
	A.	India's independence	B.	Women's rights
	C.	End of slavery	D.	Child labour
47.	The	site named Pattanam is in which o	distric	et in Kerala?
	A.	Trissur	B.	Ernakulam
	C.	Idukki	D.	Kollam
48.	Wh	ich is the national calendar of India	?	
	A.	Vikrama Era	B.	Saka Era
	C.	Kollam Era	D.	Vypin Era
49.	Wh	ich among the following has anony	mous	s author?
	A.	Indica	B.	Periplus Maris Erythraei
	C.	Geographia	D.	Naturalis Historia
50.		oka was the governor of which o coming the emperor.	f the	following Mauryan provinces before
	A.	Taxila	B.	Gandhara
	C.	Ujjain	D.	Kalinga
51.	Wh	at was adopted by India from lion o	apita	I of Asoka?
	A.	National Animal	B.	National Bird
	C.	National Language	D.	National Emblem
52.	Whi	ich of the following is not an import	ant B	uddhist site under the Satavahanas?
	A.	Nagarjunakonda	B.	Amaravati
	C.	Ahar	D.	Junar
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53.	Liia	<i>vati</i> by Bhaskara II is a work related	d to	
	A.	Ayurveda	B.	Astronomy
	C.	Agriculture	D.	Novel
54.	The	founder of the Royal Asiatic Socie	ty of	Bengal at Calcutta was
	A.	Alexander Cunningham		
	B.	John Marshall		
	C.	William Jones		
	D.	James Prinsep		
55.	Whi	ich of the following Pali texts is not	one	of the Tripitakas?
	A.	Dipavamsa	B.	Sutta
	C.	Vinaya	D.	Abhidhamma
56.	Alla	habad Pillar is associated with whi	ch of	the following kings?
	A.	Samudra Gupta	B.	Asoka
	C.	Jahangir	D.	All of the above
57.	Whi	ich philosopher has been nickname	ed as	Indian Machiavelli?
	A.	Chanakya	B.	Gosala
	C.	Sankara	D.	Nagarjuna
58.	The	Group of Monuments at Mahabali	purai	m was constructed by which dynasty?
	A.	Pallavas	B.	Pandyas
	C.	Cholas	D.	Kakatiyas

59. The only time when both the Northern and southern Hemisphere experien roughly equal amounts of daytime and nighttime is ———.				
	A.	Solstice	B.	Vader
	C.	Equinox	D.	Equatorial
60.	Na	ame the polish astronomer who pro	pose	ed the Heliocentric Theory?
	A.	Galilei	B.	Copernicus
	C.	Newton	D.	Hevelius
61.	Who	ere is Great Sphinx located?		
	A.	Gizza	B.	Rome
	C.	Alexandria	D.	Athens
62.	Whi	ich of the following civilizations is lo	ocate	d in south America?
	A.	Maya	B.	Inca
	C.	Aztec	D.	Mesopotamia
63.	Whi	ich region is referred to as the crad	lle of	civilization?
	A.	Fertile Crescent	B.	Horn of Africa
	C.	Volcanoes of Australia	D.	Grand Canyon
64.	Um	brella Stones are found in which of	the f	following sites?
	A.	Cherumanangad	B.	Mangad
	C.	Machad	D.	Niramakulam
65.	The	language of Buddhist canonical te	exts w	vas
	A.	Sanskrit	B.	Prakrit
	C.	Pali	D.	Tamil

66.	Kollam era corresponds with which year in the Common Era?			
	A.	625 CE	B.	622 CE
	C.	825 CE	D.	1125 CE
67.		rock art sites of Edakkal, Tovari ict in Kerala?	and	Govindamoola are located in which
	A.	Kozhikode	B.	Wayanad
	C.	Kannur	D.	Palakkad
68. Harappan sites are not reported so far from which nation in south			which nation in south Asia?	
	A.	India	B.	Nepal
	C.	Pakistan	D.	Afghanistan
69.	Briha	adiswara Temple was built by whic	h rule	er?
	A.	Sundara Chola	B.	Aditya Chola
	C.	Rajaraja Chola	D.	Rajendra Chola
70.	Whi	ch among the following is not a cor	rect p	pair?
	A.	Ellora Caves — Rastrakutas	B.	Thanjavur Temple – Cholas
	C.	Khajuraho – Chandellas	D.	Elephanta Caves – Mauryas
71.	. Which of the following is not composed by Kalidasa?			
	A.	Meghaduta	B.	Uttararamacarita
	C.	Abhijnana Sakuntala	D.	Kumarasambhava
72. Who were the first rulers in India to issue gold coins?				old coins?
	A.	Kushanas	B.	Indo-Greeks
	C.	Mauryas	D.	Guptas

73.	73. Which Greek ambassador set up a pillar in honour of Vishnu?					
	A.	Heliodorus	B.	Menander		
	C.	Milindapanha	D.	Megasthenes		
74.	Bha	Bhagat Singh was associated with which of the following organisations?				
	A.	Indian National Congress				
	B.	Swaraj Party				
	C.	Communist Party				
	D.	D. Hindustan Socialist Republican Association				
75. Who wrote the national anthem of India?						
	A.	lqbal	B.	Chatterjee		
	C.	Tagore	D.	Gandhi		
76.	6. Who is considered as the first Indo-Greek ruler?					
	A.	Demetrius I	B.	Darius I		
	C.	Gondopheras	D.	Kanishka		
77.	. Who convened the first Buddhist Council?					
	A.	Ajatashatru	B.	Asoka		
	C.	Kanishka	D.	Bindusara		
78. Which religion was founded in the region of Punjab during fifteenth centur						
	A.	Buddhism	B.	Taoism		
	C.	Sikhism	D.	Hinduism		
79.	The	author of On the Origin of Species	is —	<u>.</u>		
	A.	Y.N. Harari	B.	C. Darwin		
	C.	A Nobel	D.	A. Einstein		

80.	Whose autobiography is titled Long Walk of Freedom?				
	A.	N. Mandela	B.	M.K. Gandhi	
	C.	Sardar Patel	D.	W. Churchill	
81. Which three-pound organ in the human body is the in				ly is the interpreter of the senses?	
	A.	Heart	B.	Spine	
	C.	Brain	D.	Eyes	
82.	 Green patina that forms naturally on copper and bronze is sometimes also kn as ————. 				
	A.	Tarnish	B.	Verdigris	
	C.	Bronze Disease	D.	Rust	
83.	Whi	ch nerve directly connects the eye	and	brain?	
	A.	sensory nerve	B.	optic nerve	
	C.	autonomic nerve	D.	electric nerve	
84. Nerves are a cluster of cells called					
	A.	protons	B.	electrons	
	C.	neurons	D.	neutrons	
85.	35. Solar energy is created by ———— that takes place in the sun.				
	A.	Radiation	B.	Conduction	
	C.	Nuclear Fusion	D.	Refraction	
86.	Moh	ns scale is used to measure			
	A.	Hardness	B.	Colour	
	C.	Hue	D.	Matrix	

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87. What is the SI unit of energy?						
	A.	Joule	B.	Decibel		
	C.	Mach	D.	Watt		
88.	Whi	ch is the largest planet in the solar	syste	em?		
	A.	Saturn	B.	Jupiter		
	C.	Mars	D.	Earth		
89.	Whi	Which of the following is not a painting by M.F. Husain?				
	A.	Ganga and Jamuna	B.	Mother Terasa		
	C.	Guernica	D.	Mother India		
90.	90. Dakshinamurti is a form of which god?					
	A.	Siva	B.	Brahma		
	C.	Vishnu	D.	Narayana		
91.	Among the four ships that set sail from Lisbon to India which ship was captained by Vasco da Gama?					
	A.	Sao Gabriel	B.	Sao Rafael		
	C.	Berrio	D.	Sao Miguel		
92. What is AMS dating?						
	A.	Accelerator Mass Spectrometry				
	B.	Atomic mass spectrometry				
	C.	Atomic Mass sample				
	D.	Acceleration Medium Spectromet	ry			
93.	San	ctum sanctorum of temple is know	n as			
	A.	Gopura	B.	Garhagriha		
	C.	Sopana	D.	Nagara		

94.	Wh	Which of the following megalithic sites in Kerala have evidence for iron plough?					
	A.	Bangalam	B.	Anakkkara			
	C.	Ummichipoyil	D.	Angamaly			
95.	Which site in Uttar Pradesh had chariots reported during excavations recently?						
	A.	Daimabad	B.	Sanauli			
	C.	Ahichhatra	D.	Patna			
96.	Who was the French scholar to excavate Arikamedu?						
	A.	Wheeler	B.	Jarrige			
	C.	Begly	D.	Casal			
97.	Kee	Keeladi the famous archaeological site is located on which river bank?					
	A.	Periyar	B.	Krishna			
	C.	Kaveri	D.	Vaigai			
98.	Daimabad in Maharashtra was discovered by						
	A.	Bopardikar	B.	Dhavalikar			
	C.	Paddayya	D.	Sali			
99.	Which script other than Brahmi is found in Asokan edicts?						
	A.	Tamil	B.	Kharoshti			
	C.	Sanskrit	D.	Prakrit			
100	. Wh	ich among the following is a Neolith	nic si	te in Kashmir?			
	A.	Sanganakallu	B.	Burzahom			
	C.	Brahmagiri	D.	Sanauli			

ANSWER SHEET

1 A B C	D E 26	6 A B C D E	51 A B C D E	76 A B C D E
2 A B C	D E 27	7 A B C D E	52 A B C D E	77 A B C D E
3 A B C	D E 28	BABCDE	53 A B C D E	78 A B C D E
4 A B C	D E 29	9 A B C D E	54 A B C D E	79 A B C D E
5 A B C	D E 30	DABCDE	55 A B C D E	80 A B C D E
6 A B C	D E 3	1 A B C D E	56 A B C D E	81 A B C D E
7 A B C	D E 32	2 A B C D E	57 A B C D E	82 A B C D E
8 A B C	D E 33	3 A B C D E	58 A B C D E	83 A B C D E
9 A B C	D E 34	4 A B C D E	59 A B C D E	84 A B C D E
10 A B C	D E 35	A B C D E	60 A B C D E	85 A B C D E
11 A B C	D E 36	6 A B C D E	61 A B C D E	86 A B C D E
12 A B C	D E 37	7 A B C D E	62 A B C D E	87 A B C D E
13 A B C	D E 38	BABCDE	63 A B C D E	88 A B C D E
14 A B C	D E 39	A B C D E	64 A B C D E	89 A B C D E
15 A B C	D E 40	A B C D E	65 A B C D E	90 A B C D E
16 A B C	D E 4	1 A B C D E	66 A B C D E	91 A B C D E
17 A B C	D E 42	2 A B C D E	67 A B C D E	92 A B C D E
18 A B C	D E 43	BABCDE	68 A B C D E	93 A B C D E
19 A B C	D E 44	4 A B C D E	69 A B C D E	94 A B C D E
20 A B C	D E 45	A B C D E	70 A B C D E	95 A B C D E
21 A B C	D E 46	6 A B C D E	71 A B C D E	96 A B C D E
22 A B C	D E 47	7 A B C D E	72 A B C D E	97 A B C D E
23 A B C	D E 48	BABCDE	73 A B C D E	98 A B C D E
24 A B C	D E 49	9 A B C D E	74 A B C D E	99 A B C D E
25 A B C	D E 50	DABCDE	75 A B C D E	100 A B C D E

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