Entrance Examination for Admission to the P.G. Courses in the Teaching Departments, 2022										
					CSS					
				BIOTE	CHNO	LOGY				
				<u>Gener</u>	al Instru	<u>ctions</u>				
	. The Question Paper is having two Parts — Part 'A' Objective type (60%) & Part 'B' Descriptive type (40%).								Part 'B'	
	Objective type questions which carry 1 mark each are to be (\checkmark) 'tick marked' in the response sheets against the appropriate answers provided.								d' in the	
3.	8 questions are to be answered out of 12 questions carrying 5 marks each in Part 'B'.							art 'B'.		
	Negative marking : 0.25 marks will be deducted for each wrong answer in Part 'A'.							answer		
Time	Time : 2 Hours Max. Marks : 100									
To be filled in by the Candidate										
Register		in Figures								
Num	ber	in words								

$\mathsf{PART} - \mathsf{A}$

(Objective Type)

Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions. **One** mark **each**.

(60 × 1 = 60 marks)

1. Collagen triple helix is

- a) Secondary structure
- b) Super Secondary structure

c) Tertiary structure

d) Quaternary structure

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2. Chitin is present in

a) Fungi

c)

- Insects d) All the above
- 3. On classical considerations secondary metabolites are not present in
 - a) Animals b) Plants
 - c) Fungi d) Bacteria
- 4. The current concept is that the following is/are secondary metabolites
 - a) steroids b) prostaglandins
 - c) melanins d) all the above

b) Crustaceans

5.	Pyr a) c)	amid of biomass in pond ecosyster Upright Straight	m is b) d)	Spindle shaped inverted		
6.	Whose scientific contributions you may connect with Western Ghats					
	a)	Dr Gadgil	b)	Dr Swaminathan		
	c)	Dr C V Raman	d)	Dr G N Ramachandran		
7.	The	e enzymes with slight variation in st	ructu	re, but the same catalytic action called		
	a)	Holoenzyme	b)	lsoenzyme		
	c)	Apoenzyme	d)	Coenzyme		
8.	Wh	ich of the following is not a herbicic	le			
	a)	Bensulide	b)	Trifluralin		
	c)	Napropamide	d)	None		
9.	The	e optimum temperature for wine-fer	ment	ation of fruit juice is		
	a)	10°F	b)	110°F		
	c)	120°F	d)	68°F		
10.	0. Volume of urine is regulated by					
	a)	Aldosterone				
	b)	Aldosterone and ADH				
	c)	Aldosterone, ADH and testostero	ne			
	d)	ADH				
11.	Receptors of pain are known as					
	a)	Rheoreceptors	b)	Algesireceptors		
	c)	Tangoreceptors	d)	Mehanocerptors		
12.	12. Wine yeast is					
	a)	Saccharomyces cerevisiae	b)	S. ellipsoids		
	c)	Cryptococcus	d)	None of the above		

13.	The	he branch of science dealing with death is called				
	a)	Thanatology	b)	Teratology		
	c)	Toxicology	d)	Tricology		
14.	The	antibiotic gentamycin is produced	from			
	a)	Micromonosperma purpurea	b)	Streptomyces griseus		
	c)	Penicillium notatum	d)	None above		
15.	Cell	organelle related to photorespirati	on is			
	a)	Peroxisome	b)	Ribosome		
	c)	Lysosome	d)	Liposome		
16.		obic respiration produces mor rentation involves	e e	nergy than fermentation because		
	a)	Alcohol production	b)	Formation of CO_2 and H_2O		
	c)	Incomplete oxidation of food	d)	Formation of acid		
17.	The	best source of Vit C among the fo	llowir	ng is		
	a)	Glycine max	b)	Arachis hypogeal		
	c)	Emblica officinalis	d)	Mangifera indica		
18.	An a	antiserum would contain				
	a)	Antigens	b)	Antibodies		
	c)	Leucocytes	d)	RBCs		
19.	A co	ondition of failure of the kidney to fo	orm u	irine is		
	a)	Creatinine	b)	Hematuria		
	c)	Anuria	d)	Ketouria		
20.	Insu	Ilin is secreted by				
	a)	Spleen				
	b)	lpha -cells of islets of Langerhans of	the p	pancreas		
	c)	eta -cells of islets of Langerhans of	the p	bancreas		
	d)	Mucosa of the esophagus				

21.	The	The virus that infects bacteria are called				
	a)	Mycophage	b)	Bacteriophage		
	c)	HIV	d)	Retrovirus		
22.	Fra	me shift mutation occurs when				
	a)	Base is added	b)	Base is removed		
	c)	Two bases are added	d)	Two bases are removed		
23.	Wh	ich of the following has the lowest	pH ai	mong them		
	a)	Bile	b)	Saliva		
	c)	Gastric juice	d)	Pancreatic juice		
24.	Lys	is of foreign cells is mediated throu	ıgh			
	a)	lgM	b)	lgA		
	c)	lgM & lgG	d)	lgE		
25.	Сус	closporine is used				
	a)	For allergy	b)	As immune depressant		
	c)	As prophylactic for virus	d)	For treatment of TB		
26.	Which one of the following pairs of terms means the same thing					
	a)	Gene pool – genome				
	b)	Codon – gene				
	c)	Cistron – triplet				
	d)	DNA fingerprinting – DNA profilin	-			
27.		Continued consumption of a diet rich in butter, red meat and eggs for a long period may lead to				
	a)	Vit A toxicity	b)	Kidney stones		
	c)	Hypercholesterolemia	d)	Urine lade with ketone bodies		
28.	28. Which of the following statements is true regarding t-RNA?					
	a)	It binds with an amino acid at its 3	3' en	d		
	b)	b) It has five double-stranded regions				
	c)	It conforms to B-DNA				

d) It looks like a cloverleaf in its 3-D structure

- 29. Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consist of
 - a) Ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO_x
 - b) Smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO₂
 - c) Hydrocarbons, SO₂ and CO₂
 - d) Hydrocarbons, ozone and SO_x
- 30. Which one of the following codons code for the same information as UGC?
 - a) UGU b) UGA
 - c) UAG d) UGG
- 31. The Source of somatostatin is same as that of
 - a) Thyroxin and calcitonin b) Insulin and glucagon
 - c) Somatotropin and prolactin d) Vasopressin and oxytocin
- 32. The *Bt* in *Bt*-cotton means
 - a) Barium-treated
 - b) Bigger Thread variety
 - c) Produced by Biotechnological methods
 - d) Carrying endotoxin gene from Bacillus thuringiensis
- 33. The total number of nitrogenous bases in human genome is estimated to be about
 - a) 3.1 billion b) 31 million
 - c) 3.5 million d) 3500 x thousand
- 34. Dolly is the first animal
 - a) Cloned b)
 - c) IVF-produced d) None above
- 35. Insecticides act upon

c)

- a) respiratory system b)
 - nervous system d)
 - 6

Genetically modified

- muscular system
- d) both (a) and (c)

- 36. Which of the following will be different in different animals?
 - a) Carbohydrate b) Proteins
 - c) Lipids d) Vitamins

37. If the sequence of bases is TAGC, then, the sequence of in mRNA will be

- ATCG b) TAGC a)
- AUCG AUGC c) d)

38. Penicillin is obtained from

- Penicillium chrysogenum a)
- Penicillium notatum c)

39. Industrially citric acid is produced by

- a) Aspergillus niger
- c) Candida utilis

40. The transgenic animals are

- Foreign DNA in some of its cells a)
- c) Foreign RNA in some of its cells
- 41. The tailed bacteriophages are
 - non motile a) b)
 - motile on bacteria c) d)
- 42. The water potential and osmotic potential of pure water are
 - 100 and zero Zero and zero a) b) c) 100 and 200 d) zero and 100
- What is Agent Orange? 43.
 - A biodegradable insecticide a)
 - Color used in lamp c)
- A weedicide containing dioxin b)
- Color used in paints d)
 - 7

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- b) Penicillium rimosus
- b) Streptococcus lactis
- d) Acetobacter suboxydans
- Foreign DNA in all of its cells b)
- Foreign RNA in all of its cells d)
- actively motile in water
- motile on plants

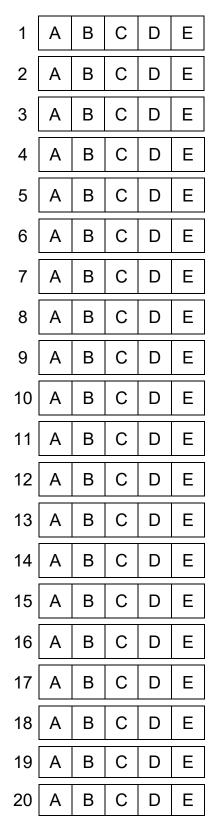
d) All the above

- 44. Restriction endonucleases are
 - a) Synthesized by bacteria b) Present in
 - c) Used for in vitro DNA synthesis d) Used in genetic engineering
- 45. The following is not true about DNA synthesis:
 - a) It requires DNA polymerase
 - b) Reverse transcriptase enzymes are involved
 - c) Moves in a 5' \rightarrow 3' direction
 - d) Cytarabine inhibits DNA synthesis
- 46. With regard to DNA molecules:
 - a) They contain adenine, cytosine, guanine and uracil bases
 - b) They can be detected with Western blotting
 - c) They cannot be detected with Southern blotting
 - d) They are denatured at a temperature of 100°C
- 47. G-proteins:
 - a) Can be mutated in tumour cells
 - b) They are inactivated by cholera toxins
 - c) Mediate the action of glucocorticoid hormone
 - d) Bind to DNA to regulate gene transcription
- 48. The following is true about gluconeogenesis:
 - a) It occurs in liver b) It is inhibited by glucagon
 - c) It occurs in adipose tissue d) It is stimulated by insulin
- 49. With regard to membrane receptors for hormones:
 - a) They are not glycoproteins
 - b) They are important for hormones made up of steroid
 - c) Those for insulin exhibit an intrinsic protein kinase activity
 - d) Glucagon uses calcium as a second messenger

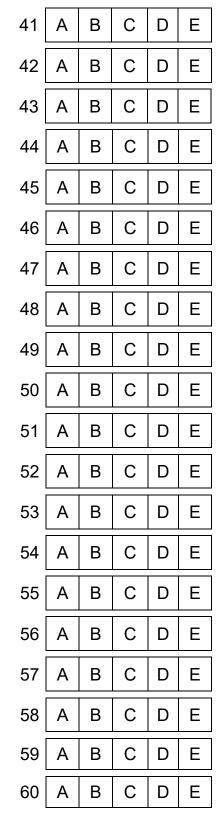
Etha	anol is prepared from glucose by th	ocess of	
a)	respiration	b)	fermentation
c)	catalytic hydration	d)	photosynthesis
Wha	at type of reaction takes place whe	n pro	pane is formed from propanol?
a)	condensation	b)	hydrolysis
c)	dehydration	d)	hydration
Whe	en an alcohol is completely oxidise	d the	products are
a)	carbon dioxide and hydrogen	b)	carbon dioxide and water
c)	carbon monoxide and hydrogen	d)	carbon dioxide and water
The	type(s) of alcohol which can be o	kidise	d are
a)	primary only	b)	secondary only
c)	tertiary only	d)	none of the above answers
The	first Indian to solve a protein's 3D	struc	oture
a)	Prof Gopinath Kartha	b)	Prof M Vijayan
c)	Prof G N Ramachandran	d)	None above
'Cul	tured milk products' means		
a)	products by souring of skimmed of	or pai	tially skimmed milk
b)	milk products of dairy farms		
c)	milk products of stall-fed cows		
d)	all the above		
The	following belong to approved GM	prod	uct
a)	apple	b)	рарауа
c)	pineapple	d)	all the above
	 a) c) What a) c) The a) c) The a) c) G) for the constraint of the constrain	 a) respiration c) catalytic hydration What type of reaction takes place when a) condensation c) dehydration When an alcohol is completely oxidised a) carbon dioxide and hydrogen c) carbon monoxide and hydrogen c) carbon monoxide and hydrogen c) carbon monoxide and hydrogen The type(s) of alcohol which can be oxen a) primary only c) tertiary only c) tertiary only The first Indian to solve a protein's 3D a) Prof Gopinath Kartha c) Prof G N Ramachandran 'Cultured milk products' means a) products by souring of skimmed of b) milk products of dairy farms c) milk products of stall-fed cows d) all the above The following belong to approved GM a) apple 	 c) catalytic hydration d) What type of reaction takes place when protein a condensation c) dehydration d) When an alcohol is completely oxidised there a) carbon dioxide and hydrogen d) When an alcohol is completely oxidised there a) carbon monoxide and hydrogen d) The type(s) of alcohol which can be oxidised a) primary only c) tertiary only d) The first Indian to solve a protein's 3D struct a) Prof Gopinath Kartha d) Cultured milk products' means a) products by souring of skimmed or part b) milk products of dairy farms c) milk products of stall-fed cows d) all the above

- 57. In the regulation of genes, the following is not true:
 - a) more than 90% of the base sequences in human DNA have not known function
 - b) exons are the part of the gene that code for amino acids found in the final proteins
 - c) Splicing cut out the mRNA coded by introns
 - d) Introns usually begins with the nucleotide sequence GT
- 58. Thromboxane A_2 (TXA₂)
 - a) Does not require lipoxygenase for its production
 - b) Is not derived from the membrane phospholipid
 - c) Its production is not decreased by non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs
 - d) Does not cause platelet aggregation
- 59. In the eye lens:
 - a) Pentose phosphate pathway metabolizes 30% of the available glucose
 - b) The capsule is not made up of type IV collagen
 - c) Most metabolism is not carried out in the anterior pole
 - d) Anaerobic glycolysis is not the main source of energy
- 60. The following is not true about the oxidation of glucose:
 - a) Glycolysis produces 3% of the energy ultimately obtained from glucose
 - b) Glucose does not enter the Kreb's cycle as pyruvate
 - c) Glycolysis occurs within the mitochondria
 - d) The first stage of glycolysis involves phosphorylation of glucose to 1,6-fructose biphosphate.

ANSWER SHEET — PART – A



21	А	В	С	D	Е		
22	А	В	С	D	Е		
23	А	В	С	D	Е		
24	Α	В	С	D	Е		
25	Α	В	С	D	Е		
26	Α	В	С	D	Е		
27	Α	В	С	D	Е		
28	Α	В	С	D	Е		
29	Α	В	С	D	Е		
30	Α	В	С	D	Е		
31	А	В	С	D	Е		
32	А	В	С	D	Е		
33	А	В	С	D	Е		
34	Α	В	С	D	Е		
35	Α	В	С	D	Е		
36	Α	В	С	D	Е		
37	Α	В	С	D	Е		
38	А	В	С	D	Е		
39	Α	В	С	D	Е		
40	Α	В	С	D	Е		
14							



BIOTECHNOLOGY

PART – B

(Descriptive Type)

Answer **any eight** questions.

(8 × 5 = 40 Marks)

- 1. How transgenic organisms may be made?
- 2. Explain the first and zeroth laws of thermodynamics.
- 3. How ATP is produced during photosynthesis?
- 4. Role of liver in metabolism.
- 5. Role of kidney in homeostasis in human body.
- 6. Briefly describe the features of lichens.
- 7. What are bisexual plants?
- 8. Briefly describe the male hormones of female human body.
- 9. Briefly describe the COVID-19 vaccines made in India.
- 10. What is hybridoma technology?
- 11. Why multi drug treatment is required for TB?
- 12. What are the features of monoculture farming?