Code No. L - 4042

Entran	ce Examinati	on for		sion to tments		3. Cou	rses in	the Tea	aching
				CSS					
			ED	UCATI	ON				
			<u>Gener</u>	<u>al Instru</u>	<u>ctions</u>				
	. The Question Paper is having two Parts — Part 'A' Objective type (60%) & Part 'B' Descriptive type (40%).								
	ective type ques oonse sheets ag			•			e (✓) 'tio	ck marke	d' in the
3. 8 q	uestions are to b	e answe	red out o	of 12 que	estions c	arrying 5	marks	each in P	art 'B'.
	gative marking Part 'A'.	<u> </u>	5 marks	s will b	oe dedu	ucted fo	or each	wrong	answer
Time: 2	Hours						ľ	Max. Mar	ks : 100
To be fi	led in by the Ca	ndidate							
Register	in Figures								
Number in words									
			_						
			_	PART – .	-				
			(Obj	jective T	ype)				

Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions. **One** mark **each**.

 $(60 \times 1 = 60 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Programs developed by Boys scouts in an example of
 - a) Formal education

- b) Informal Education
- c) Non-Formal education
- d) Unformal Education

DO NOT WRITE HERE

- 2. The acceptance of the value of all cultures is termed as
 - a) Cultural relativism

b) Ethnocentrism

c) Egocentrism

d) Pluralism

- 3. A competent teacher must have a sound knowledge in right order
 - a) practice, concept, theory and research
 - b) theory, research, concept and practice
 - c) concept, theory, practice and research
 - d) research, practice, concept and theory

4.	Mar on	ia Montessori in her approach to	childh	nood, bases her method of education
	a)	Humanism	b)	Naturalism
	c)	Idealism	d)	Existentialism
5.	The	basic ingredient of social relations	ship is	:
	a)	Group	b)	Awareness
	c)	Bonding	d)	Interaction
6.	Mah	natma Gandhiji's basic education w	/as ch	naracterised by
	a)	Strict discipline and punishment f	or wro	ongs
	b)	Education of children through ser	nse tra	aining
	c)	Opposition to strict control and pu	ınishr	ment
	d)	Strict suppression and control of	activit	ies
7.	The hear		up the	e activities of the nervous system and
	a)	Tar	b)	Carbon di oxide
	c)	Alcohol	d)	Nicoti
8.	The	first earthquake waver recorded o	n the	Seismography is
	a)	P-waver	b)	Rayleigh
	c)	S waver	d)	Love waver
9.	The	animal which is protected under w	/ildlife	(protection) Act, 1972 is
	a)	Squirrel	b)	Bandicoot rat
	c)	Gerbil	d)	Porcupine
10.		e of the following variable is No ulation. It is	OT a	demographic characteristics of the
	a)	Age structure	b)	Sex structure
	c)	Marital status	d)	Literary level
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11.	The	most useful aim of education for the	ne co	mmunity is
	a)	Cultural	b)	Livelihood
	c)	Socialization	d)	Technological
12.	The	University of Calicut was establish	ned u	nder the recommendation of
	a)	Radhakrishnan Commission	b)	Secondary education commission
	c)	Kothari Commission	d)	New Education Policy
13.	An i	nformal method of social control is		
	a)	Custom	b)	Coercion
	c)	Law	d)	Education
14.		e social justification for "Investment enditure, next to defence, in many		education is the single, largest item of tries today" is
	l.	Education has become a pressing	g nee	d under globalization
	II.	Education is the panacea for soci	al ski	ills
	III.	Education produces unselfish and	d con	npetent for establishing quality
	IV.	Education helps to procure securi	ity, pı	rosperity and social wellbeing for all
	a)	I and III	b)	II and IV
	c)	I and II	d)	III and IV
15.	A gr	rief-stricken person gets a feeling c	of	
	a)	worthlessness	b)	inadequacy
	c)	external loss	d)	personal inadequacy
16.	The	impact of intermittent reinforceme	nt is	
	a)	learning is slow	b)	both learning and forgetting are slow
	c)	forgetting is slow	d)	both learning and forgetting are fast
17.	The	group in which emotional warmth	and s	spontaneity exist is
	a)	social	b)	primary
	c)	secondary	d)	special

18.	3. Rosch proposes that in everyday usage, concepts are encoded according to												
	a)) representing the problem											
	b)	deciding when a satisfactory answer has been found											
	c)	searching for solutions											
	d)	establishing a mental set											
19.	Hav	vthorne effect is related to											
	a)	emotion	b)	motivation									
	c)	habit	d)	learning									
20.	Kno	wledge is an example of											
	a)	Materialistic culture	b)	Non-materialistic culture									
	c)	Explicit culture	d)	Emic culture									
21.	Mas	slow refers to self-actualization nee	ds as	5									
	a)	growth needs	b)	deficiency needs									
	c)	basic needs	d)	survival needs									
22.	Sec	urity and insecurity inventory was	devel	oped by									
	a)	Galton	b)	Free man									
	c)	Maslow	d)	Hebb									
23.	The	concept of mental age was develo	ped	by									
	a)	Binet and Stanford	b)	Stanford and Simon									
	c)	Simon and Binet	d)	Binet									
24.	Pers	sonality traits provides what is prob	ably	our most useful means of									
	a)	describing person	b)	characterizing a person									
	c)	analysing a person	d)	studying a person									
25.	The	formula for calculating IQ is											
	a)	MA/CA × 100	b)	MA/CA × 200									
	c)	CA/MA ÷100	d)	CA/MA ÷200									

26. A culture pattern from one culture area to another is						
	a)	Acculturation	b)	Culture diffusion		
	c)	Assimilation	d)	Enculturation		
27.	Intro	ospection method was used mainly	' in			
	a)	Functionalism	b)	Structuralism		
	c)	Behaviourism	d)	Gestalt Psychology		
28.	Psy	chology is the science of				
	a)	human being	b)	animals behaviour		
	c)	behaviour	d)	attitude		
29.	Chil	d's socialization is influenced by				
	a)	brain pattern	b)	communication		
	c)	biological norm	d)	ethics status		
30.	"Ide	as on inherited developmental ten	dency	y" was proposed by		
	a)	Piaget	b)	Binet		
	c)	Crown	d)	Freud		
31.	The	first step of Hendry Fayol's theory	of m	anagement is		
	a)	Organising	b)	Commenting		
	c)	Planning	d)	Co-ordinating		
32.	Tay	lor's management theory focus on				
	a)	Typical analysis	b)	Quantitative analysis		
	c)	Numerical analysis	d)	Qualitative analysis		

33.	The	e first person to throw light on the s	tructı	ure of society is
	a)	Comte	b)	Durkheim
	c)	Spencer	d)	Parsons
34.	The	power and authority of a school d	escri	bed the characteristics of
	a)	Management	b)	Organisation
	c)	Institution	d)	Developmental
35.	Acc	cording to Talcott Parsons, all the u	ınits d	of social structure are
	a)	Concrete	b)	Tangible
	c)	Abstract	d)	Explicit
36.	Any	form of social encounter between	indiv	riduals is
	a)	Conflict climate	b)	Social interaction
	c)	Deviance for normal group	d)	Social change
37.	The	e most distinctive properties of hum	nan s	ocial association is
	a)	Culture	b)	Society
	c)	Interaction	d)	Group
38.	One	e of the following domains of learni	ng w	hich is correctly matched is
	a)	Psychomotor – Knowledge	b)	Cognitive – Skills
	c)	Affective – Attitude	d)	Speaking – Spacing
39.	The	e methods in which true evaluation	of the	e students made possible is
	a)	Evaluation at the end of the cours	se	
	b)	Evaluation twice in a year		
	c)	Continuous evaluation		
	d)	Formative evaluation		

	Mean Average	b) d)	Median Mode
A n	Average	d)	Mode
			Wode
i Ola	on-directional hypothesis which s tionship exists is called as	states	that no significant difference or no
a)	Associative hypothesis	b)	Causal hypothesis
c)	Question Form hypothesis	d)	Null hypothesis
	•	ecom	mended a shift from verbalism and
a)	activity method	b)	game based method
c)	recitation method	d)	demonstration method
		an e	example of a child with the following
a)	Intellectual difference		
b)	Sensory difference		
c)	Physical difference		
d)	Multiple and severe handicapping	cond	dition
The	e educational programmes for gifted	d child	dren does not include
a)	Homogeneous grouping	b)	Guidance and Counselling
c)	Remedial instruction	d)	Brain storming
Cre	ativity is not related with		
a)	Originality	b)	Flexibility
c)	Elaboration	d)	Tension
Stu	ttering is		
a)	Purposeful speech	b)	Prolonged speech
c)	Delayed speech	d)	Practical speech
	Seconder a) c) A coexc a) b) c) The a) c) Cre a) c) Stur	Secondary Education Commission rememorisation to learning through a) activity method c) recitation method A child with a hearing impairment is exceptionality is a) Intellectual difference b) Sensory difference c) Physical difference d) Multiple and severe handicapping The educational programmes for gifted a) Homogeneous grouping c) Remedial instruction Creativity is not related with a) Originality c) Elaboration Stuttering is	Secondary Education Commission recommemorisation to learning through a) activity method b) c) recitation method d) A child with a hearing impairment is an exceptionality is a) Intellectual difference b) Sensory difference c) Physical difference d) Multiple and severe handicapping cond The educational programmes for gifted child a) Homogeneous grouping b) c) Remedial instruction d) Creativity is not related with a) Originality b) c) Elaboration d) Stuttering is

47.	The	test NOT used to measure creative	∕ity is	
	a)	Passi test	b)	Divergent production ability test
	c)	Baqer mehdi	d)	Diagnostic test
48.	The	commitment to bring the support	servi	ces to the child is
	a)	inclusion	b)	integration
	c)	deinstitutionalisation	d)	rehabilitation
49.	Nor	n-educational procedures are used	to id	entify
	a)	physical disability	b)	sensory disability
	c)	psychological disability	d)	physical and sensory disability
50.	The	impairment in musculoskeletal or	nervo	ous system result in
	a)	Orthopaedic impairment	b)	Mental retardation
	c)	Hearing impairment	d)	Visual impairment
51.	Mei	ntally retarded children have the ab	oility t	0
	a)	Manage emotions	b)	Sub-average intellectual functioning
	c)	Adapt to his environment	d)	Brainstorming
52.		e accumulation of large amount of nage to brain is	cere	brospinal fluid within cranium causing
	a)	Micro cephaly	b)	Phenylketonuria
	c)	Hydrocephalcy	d)	Cretinism
53.	The	disturbance in structure and funct	ionin	g of body system including psyche is
	a)	disability	b)	impairment
	c)	handicap	d)	cerebral palsy

54.	Em	otionally disturbed children shows											
	a)	Adjustment behaviour	b)	Flexible behaviour									
	c)	Disruptive behaviour	d)	Empathetic behaviour									
55.	The	The sort of handicap in terms of academic performance refers to											
	a)	Learning disability	b)	Learning disorder									
	c)	Learning efficiency	d)	Slow learners									
56.	The	condition or state of cloudiness in	the I	ens of the eye									
	a)	Cataract	b)	Glaucoma									
	c)	Myopia	d)	Hyperopia									
57.	The	sequence of communication proce	ess ir	nvolves									
	a)	a) Sender – Message – Encoding – Receiver – Decode											
	b)	b) Sender – Encoding – Message – Receiver – Decode											
	c)	c) Sender – Decoding – Encoding – Receiver – Message											
	d)	Sender – Encoding – Message –	Dec	ode – Receiver									
58.	Rea	alism hold that true knowledge is a	cquir	red through									
	a)	experience	b)	books									
	c)	senses	d)	teacher									
59.		e of the following is NOT include u 86) for curriculum is	nder	ten core areas suggested by the NPE									
	a)	Inculcation of scientific temper	b)	Equality of sexes									
	c)	Promotion of professional ethics	d)	Small family norm									
60.		ional Commission on Teacher (´ection of trainees for the teaching p		-85) recommendations regarding the ssion is									
	a)	Communication skills	b)	Pessimistic personality									
	c)	Fair degree of financial source	d)	Awareness of environment									

ANSWER SHEET — PART – A

1	Α	В	С	D	Е	21	Α	В	С	D	Е	41	Α	В	С	D	Е
2	Α	В	С	D	E	22	Α	В	С	D	E	42	Α	В	С	D	E
3	Α	В	С	D	Е	23	Α	В	С	D	Е	43	Α	В	С	D	Е
4	Α	В	С	D	E	24	Α	В	С	D	Е	44	Α	В	С	D	Е
5	Α	В	С	D	Е	25	Α	В	С	D	Е	45	Α	В	С	D	Е
6	Α	В	С	D	Е	26	Α	В	С	D	Е	46	Α	В	С	D	Е
7	Α	В	С	D	Е	27	Α	В	С	D	Е	47	Α	В	С	D	Е
8	Α	В	С	D	Е	28	Α	В	С	D	Е	48	Α	В	С	D	Е
9	Α	В	С	D	Е	29	Α	В	С	D	Е	49	Α	В	С	D	Е
10	Α	В	С	D	Е	30	Α	В	С	D	Е	50	Α	В	С	D	Е
11	Α	В	С	D	Е	31	Α	В	С	D	Е	51	Α	В	С	D	Е
12	Α	В	С	D	Е	32	Α	В	С	D	Е	52	Α	В	С	D	Е
13	Α	В	С	D	Е	33	Α	В	С	D	Е	53	Α	В	С	D	Е
14	Α	В	С	D	Е	34	Α	В	С	D	Е	54	Α	В	С	D	Е
15	Α	В	С	D	Е	35	Α	В	С	D	Е	55	Α	В	С	D	Е
16	Α	В	С	D	Е	36	Α	В	С	D	Е	56	Α	В	С	D	Е
17	Α	В	С	D	Е	37	Α	В	С	D	Е	57	Α	В	С	D	Е
18	Α	В	С	D	Е	38	Α	В	С	D	Е	58	Α	В	С	D	Е
19	Α	В	С	D	E	39	Α	В	С	D	Ε	59	Α	В	С	D	Ε
20	Α	В	С	D	Ε	40	Α	В	С	D	Ε	60	Α	В	С	D	Е

11

EDUCATION

PART – B

(Descriptive Type)

Give the meaning of the following terms, in one sentence each.

1.

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 5 marks. $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

	(a) (c)	Non-formal education Cultural diffusion	(b) (d)	Cultural lag Ethnicity				
2.	Nam (a) (c)	ne the Commission/Committee ass 1948 1964-66	ociato (b) (d)	ed with the following years : 1952-54 1986				
	(e)	2009	()					
3.	Give Syst		and :	schemes initiated in Indian Education				
	(a)	DPEP	(b)	NUEPA				
	(c) (e)	DIET CABE	(d)	RUSA				
4.	Sug	gest any five strategies to develop	mem	nory.				
5.	Men	tion any five significant needs for i	nclus	ive education.				
6.	Enu	merate any five techniques for a te	ache	r to foster creativity in learning.				
7.	Bring	g out the importance of time mana	geme	ent without exceeding 300 words.				
8.	List	out any five Environment acts.						
9.	Men	tion any five objectives of Health E	duca	ation.				
10.	Enumerate the types of communication and describe it is in one sentence.							
11.	Bring	g out any five advantages of ICT ir	teac	ching learning process.				
12.	State	e the functions of Hypothesis.						

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