Code No.	L - 4013
----------	----------

Entrance Examination for Admission to the P.G. Courses
in the Teaching Departments, 2021

		i i	-		g Depa				u1303	
					CSS					
				Politi	cal Sci	ence				
				<u>Gener</u>	al Instru	<u>ctions</u>				
	The Question Paper is having two Parts — Part 'A' Objective type (60%) & Part 'B' Descriptive type (40%).									
	•	ctive type ques onse sheets aga			•			e (✓) 'tio	k marke	d' in the
3. 8	3 que	estions are to b	e answe	red out o	of 12 que	stions c	arrying 5	marks e	each in P	art 'B'.
_		itive marking rt 'A'.	: 0.2	5 marks	s will b	e dedu	ucted fo	or each	wrong	answer
Time	: 2 H	lours						N	lax. Mar	ks : 100
To be	e fille	ed in by the Car	ndidate							
Regis		in Figures								
Numb	per	in words								

PART – A

(Objective Type)

Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions. **One** mark **each**.

 $(60 \times 1 = 60 \text{ Marks})$

- Politics is concerned with the 'authoritative allocation of values' for a society, who 1. said?
 - a) Robert Dhal

David Easton b)

Gabriel Almond c)

J. S. Coleman d)

DONOTWRITEHERE

2.	Who	among the following is associate	d with	Public Sphere?
	a)	Waldo	b)	Hebermas
	c)	Rawls	d)	Huntington
_	T .			

- 3. The concept of Soft power was developed by
 - a) Snyder b) Friedman c) Joseph N. Nye d) Sen
- 4. Clash of Civilization theory was propounded by
 - a) Karl Marxb) Fukiyamac) Huntingtond) Gramci

5. The book authored by Hans Morgenthau												
	a)	Politics Among Nations	b)	Theory of International Politics								
	c)	Tragedy of Great Power Politics	d)	The State of War								
6.	Dire	ct democracy is the system in whic	h									
	a)	Citizens choose their representatives in free and fair elections.										
	b)	Citizens are allowed to debate with their representatives in open publi meetings.										
	c)	Citizens represent themselves in	the d	ecision-making process.								
	d)	Senior political leaders are known	as `l	Directors'.								
7.	Olde	Oldest approach to the study of Public Administration										
	a)	Philosophical approach	b)	Legal approach								
	c)	Historical approach	d)	Case Method approach								
8.		The book titled "Every Vote Counts-The Story of India's Elections" has been uthored by former Chief Election Commissioner.										
	a)	Navin Chawla	b)	B.B. Tandon								
	c)	Sunil Arora	d)	N. Gopalaswami								
9.	The	The famous 'Fourteen Points' speech delivered by										
	a)	Winston Churchill	b)	Woodrow Wilson								
	c)	Franklin Roosevelt	d)	Martin Luther								
10.	Wor	ld System Theory is associated wit	th									
	a)	Immanuel Wallerstein										
	b)	Immanuel Kant										
	c)	Gunder Frank										
	d)	Fernando Cardoso										
11.	Who	introduced the concept of "releval	nce a	and action" in the post behavioralism?								
	a)	Max Weber	b)	Almond								
	c)	David Easton	d)	Schumpeter								

IZ.	who advocated POSDCORB in the scope of Public Administration?						
	a)	LD White	b)	Marshall Dimock			
	c)	Luther Gulick	d)	Henry Fayol			
13.	The	theory of offensive realism is prop	osed	by			
	a)	Hans Morgenthau	b)	Kenneth Waltz			
	c)	John Mearsheimer	d)	Randall Schweller			
	C)	John Mearsheimer	u)	Nandan Schwener			
14.	The	term `Development Administration	n' was	s coined by			
	a)	Edward Weidner	b)	Montgomery			
	c)	Goswami	d)	F.W. Riggs			
15.	Whe	ere was a formal separation of pov	vers v	vithin government first introduced?			
	a)	Britain	b)	Revolutionary France			
	c)	Japan	d)	USA			
16.		distribution of powers between stitution is based on the scheme p		Centre and the States in the Indian ed in the			
	a)	Morely-Minto Reforms, 1909	b)	Montagu-Chelmsford Act, 1919			
	c)	Government of India Act, 1935	d)	Indian Independence Act, 1947			
17.	Who	o wrote the book `Asian Drama'?					
	a)	Gunnar Myrdal	b)	Richard Nixon			
	c)	Jawaharlal Nehru	d)	Henry Kissinger			

18.	Welfare State is the aim of:											
	a)	Scientific Socialism		b)	Individualism							
	c)	Anarchism		d)	Democratic Socialism							
19.	Which country initiated the project `Belt Road Initiative' (BRI)											
	a)	United States		b)	Japan							
	c)	China		d)	Pakistan							
20.	Who	o was the first Chairman of the Ra	ajya	a Sa	abha?							
	a)	V.V.Giri		b)	Maulankar							
	c)	SardarPatel		d)	Dr. S. Radhakrishnan							
21.	Who	o wrote the book `Towards A Nev	v F	Publi	ic Administration: The Minnowbrook							
	Per	spective'?										
	a)	Frank Marini		b)	Dwight Waldo							
	c)	C. J. Charlesworth		d)	J.M. Pfiffner							
22.	G77	is a coalition of										
	a)	Developed nations b)	Leas	st developed countries							
	c)	Ocean Island Nations d)	Dev	eloping countries							
23.	Who	Who said, "Good government was never a good substitute for self government"?										
	a)	Raja Ram Mohan Roy		b)	Swami Dayananda							
	c)	Swami Vivekananda		d)	Ramakrishna Paramhansa							
24.	The	Thirteenth G20 Summit was held	l in	1:								
	a)	Buenos Aires		b)	Moscow							
	c)	Hamburg		d)	London							
25.	Who	o wrote the book `Turning Points:	Α	Jour	rney Through Challenges':							
	a)	Sashi Tharoor		b)	A. P. J. Abdul Kalam							
	c)	Amartyasen		d)	Narendra Modi							

26.	6. Brexit is the deal of Britain with						
	a)	European Union	b)	United States			
	c)	NATO	d)	United Nations			
07	- -1	han of Dalilla Advantation					
27.	rat	her of Public Administration					
	a)	Woodrow Wilson	b)	L.D. White			
	c)	Goodnow	d)	Willoughby			
28.	The	International Human Rights Day is	s obs	erved every year on			
	• •						
	a)	June 5	b)	September 5			
	c)	December 10	d)	October 24			
29.	The	book From Wealth to Power belor	ngs to				
	a)	Neorealism	b)	Neoclassical realism			
	c)	Structural realism	d)	Offensive realism			
30.	Wh	ich book celebrated the triumph of	liber	alism over all other ideologies?			
	a)	The End of History	b)	Clash of Civilizations			
	c)	The Twenty Years' Crisis	d)	Politics Among Nations			
31.	India	an Institute of Public Administration	n is si	ituated at			
	a)	Kolkata	b)	Hyderabad			
	c)	Pune	d)	New Delhi			

32.	Rob	pert Michels is associated with								
	a)	'Iron Pyramid of Polyarchy'								
	b)	'The Man in the Iron Mask'								
	c)	The danger of having `too many i	rons	in the fi	re'					
	d)	'Iron Law of Oligarchy'								
33.	Whi	ch of the following case is known a	as the	e `Funda	amental R	ight' case?				
	a)	Golaknath Vs State of Punjab								
	b)	Indira Gandhi Vs Raj Narain								
	c)	Keshavananda Bharathi Vs State of Kerala								
	d)	None of the above								
34.	Stru	ıctural- functional approach is asso	ciate	ed with:						
	a)	Waltz	b)	Almon	d					
	c)	Easton	d) k	Kaplan						
35.		ow did the American political scientist Harold Lasswell summarize political ctivity?								
	a)	`Politics is the art of the possible'								
	b)	`Man is a political animal'								
	c)	Politics is about `who gets what, v	when	and ho	w'					
	d)	All political power is corrupting								

36.	Cha	gos Archi	pelag	o belongs to				
	a)	Atlantic o	cean		b)	Indian Ocear	1	
	c)	Pacific O	cean		d)	None of thes	е	
37.	. In John Rawls's theory, principles of justice are established by people who are affected by what?							
	a) A	veil of igr	noran	ce.	b)	A state of na	ture.	
	c) E	conomic i	nequa	ality	d)	Short-sighted	self-	interest.
38.	Eco	logical ap _l	proac	h in the study of Pu	blic A	Administration	was i	nitiated by
	a)	David Ap	ter		b)	J. M. Gaus		
	c)	Robert M	lertor	1	d)	Gabriel Almo	nd	
39.	Sary	/-Arka-An	titerro	or 2019 is the first jo	int m	ilitary exercise	e of	
	a)	sco	b)	SAARC	c)	ASEAN	d)	EU
40.	 One major factor that has stimulated the globalization process is: (a) Effective utilisation of resources (b) Increase in income and wealth (c) Willingness to cooperate (d) Rapid improvement in technology 							
41.				Locke, Man is by na				
	a)	egoistic	b)	quarrelsome	C)	unsocial	d) sc	ocial and rational
42.	Wh	o wrote th	e boo	ok Political Power a	nd So	ocial Classes?	1	
	a)	Karl Mar	x b)	Nicos Poulantzas	c)	Lenin	d)	Lasswell
43.	The	e term glol	oal vil	lage was first used	by			
	a) F	ukuyama	b)	Marshall McLuhan	c)	Huntington	d)	Amartyasen

44.	The	RTI Act w	as p	assed by the In	dian	Parli	ament in the y	/ear	
	a)	2010	b)	2005		c)	2009	d)	2002
45.	Equ	ality befor	e law	' in India is deri	ved	from			
	a)	Case Lav	٧			b)	Political Con	ventic	ons
	c)	Constitut	ion			d)	Gandhian Ph	niloso	ohy
46.	The	terms `se	cular	', `integrity' and	`So	cialis	t' were added	to the	e Preamble in
	(a) ´	1979	b)	1976	c)	197 [°]	7	d)	1975
47.	On India		e, the	e 2019 Nationa	l Pa	ıncha	yati Raj Day ((NPR	D) is celebrated in
	a)	April 25	b)	April 26	c)	Apri	l 24	d)	April 22
48.		•		ne highest recip t "Migration and				018,	as per World Bank
	a)	USA	b)	Brazil	c)	India	l	d)	China
49.	Who	said "hur	nan ı	nature is an ens	seml	ole of	social relation	าร"?	
	a)	M.N. Roy	/ b)	Aurobindo	c)	Mao		d)	Rousseau
50.		tuation in v wn as wha		n significant pov	ver i	s dist	ributed amon	g thre	e or more states is
	a)	Bipolarity	•			b) A balance of power			er
	c)	A state of	f natu	ıre		d)	Multipolarity		
51.	Wh	o was the	first	major exponent	of	consti	tutionalism?		
	a)	John Loc	ke b) J.S. Mill	c)	Bos	anquet	d)	Dicey
52.	Mah	natma Gan	ıdhi g	gave the call to	reje	ct fore	eign goods du	ring th	ne
	a)	Civil Disc	bedi	ence Movemen	t				
	b)	Non Coo	perat	ion Movement					
	c)	Khilafat N	/love	ment					
	d)	Swadesh	i Mo	vements					

9

53. Union Public Service Commission is						
a)	Constitutional body	b)	Non-Constitutional body			
c)	Legal body	d)	Statutory body			
The	founder of Utilitarianism					
a)	John Locke	b)	Jeremy Bentham			
c)	Adam Smith	d)	J.S.Mill			
Exa	mple of Staff agency					
a)	Cabinet Secretariat	b)	Public Cooperations			
c)	Finance ministry	d)	Union Public Service Commission			
The	currency of China					
a)	Krona b) Dollar	c)	Yuan d) Ruble			
The	ideas of critical theory evolved from	m				
a)	Realist school	b)	Liberal school			
c)	Frankfurt school	d)	Marxist School			
Who	o belongs to the school of structura	l real	ism			
a)	Hans Morgenthau	b)	Kenneth Waltz			
c)	Randall Schweller	d)	Michael Doyle			
The	defining characteristic of authority	is				
a)	supremacy b) power	c)	legitimacy d) hegemony			
	_	ımbeı	r of seats reserved for the Scheduled			
a)	Madhya Pradesh	b)	Rajasthan			
c)	Andhra Pradesh	d)	Gujarat			
	a) c) The a) c) The a) The a) C) Who a) C) The a) Whi Trib a)	a) Constitutional body c) Legal body The founder of Utilitarianism a) John Locke c) Adam Smith Example of Staff agency a) Cabinet Secretariat c) Finance ministry The currency of China a) Krona b) Dollar The ideas of critical theory evolved from a) Realist school c) Frankfurt school Who belongs to the school of structural a) Hans Morgenthau c) Randall Schweller The defining characteristic of authority a) supremacy b) power Which Indian State has the largest nutribes in the LokSabha? a) Madhya Pradesh	a) Constitutional body c) Legal body d) The founder of Utilitarianism a) John Locke b) c) Adam Smith d) Example of Staff agency a) Cabinet Secretariat c) Finance ministry d) The currency of China a) Krona b) Dollar c) The ideas of critical theory evolved from a) Realist school b) c) Frankfurt school d) Who belongs to the school of structural real a) Hans Morgenthau b) c) Randall Schweller d) The defining characteristic of authority is a) supremacy b) power c) Which Indian State has the largest number Tribes in the LokSabha? a) Madhya Pradesh b)			

ANSWER SHEET — PART – A

1	Α	В	С	D	Е	21	Α	В	С	D	Е	41	Α	В	С	D	Е
2	Α	В	С	D	E	22	Α	В	С	D	E	42	Α	В	С	D	Е
3	Α	В	С	D	Е	23	Α	В	С	D	Е	43	Α	В	С	D	Ε
4	Α	В	С	D	Е	24	Α	В	С	D	Е	44	Α	В	С	D	Е
5	Α	В	С	D	Е	25	Α	В	С	D	Е	45	Α	В	С	D	Е
6	Α	В	С	D	Е	26	Α	В	С	D	Е	46	Α	В	С	D	Ε
7	Α	В	С	D	Е	27	Α	В	С	D	Е	47	Α	В	С	D	Е
8	Α	В	С	D	Е	28	Α	В	С	D	Е	48	Α	В	С	D	Е
9	Α	В	С	D	Е	29	Α	В	С	D	Е	49	Α	В	С	D	Е
10	Α	В	С	D	Е	30	Α	В	С	D	Е	50	Α	В	С	D	Е
11	Α	В	С	D	Е	31	Α	В	С	D	Е	51	Α	В	С	D	Е
12	Α	В	С	D	Е	32	Α	В	С	D	Е	52	Α	В	С	D	Е
13	Α	В	С	D	Е	33	Α	В	С	D	Е	53	Α	В	С	D	Е
14	Α	В	С	D	E	34	Α	В	С	D	Е	54	Α	В	С	D	Е
15	Α	В	С	D	Е	35	Α	В	С	D	Е	55	Α	В	С	D	Е
16	Α	В	С	D	Ε	36	Α	В	С	D	Ε	56	Α	В	С	D	Е
17	Α	В	С	D	Е	37	Α	В	С	D	Е	57	Α	В	С	D	Е
18	Α	В	С	D	Е	38	Α	В	С	D	Е	58	Α	В	С	D	Е
19	Α	В	С	D	Е	39	Α	В	С	D	Е	59	Α	В	С	D	Е
20	Α	В	С	D	Ε	40	Α	В	С	D	Е	60	Α	В	С	D	Е

POLITICAL SCIENCE

PART - B

(Descriptive Type)

Answer any eight questions. 5 marks each.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Explain the major tenets of post-behaviouralism.
- 2. Critically examine the Marxian concept of state.
- 3. What are the seven fundamental rights guaranteed under the Indian constitution?
- 4. What is judicial activism?
- 5. Write a short note on critical theory in international relations.
- 6. Discuss the role and functions of the Election Commission of India.
- 7. Examine the nature and scope of comparative politics.
- 8. What are the major features of the constitution of Switzerland?
- 9. Give an account of new public administration.
- 10. Explain the principles of organization.
- 11. Critically examine Machiavelli's idea of political Realism.
- 12. Examine the relevance of balance of power.

	15	I <i>– 4</i> 013

1		

	_

	_	

_			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			
1			

20	l <i>–</i> 4013

г		
	22	L - 4013

23	L – 4013