Code No.	– 2264
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Entrance Examination for Admission to the P.G. Courses in the Teaching Departments, 2020

CSS

ZOOLOGY (PURE & APPLIED)/AQUATIC BIOLOGY AND FISHERIES/ INTEGRATIVE BIOLOGY

General Instructions	

- 1. The Question Paper is having two Parts Part 'A' Objective type (60%) & Part 'B' Descriptive type (40%).
- 2. Objective type questions which carry 1 mark each are to be (✓) 'tick marked' in the response sheets against the appropriate answers provided.
- 3. 8 questions are to be answered out of 12 questions carrying 5 marks each in Part 'B'.
- <u>Negative marking</u>: 0.25 marks will be deducted for each wrong answer in Part 'A'.

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 100

To be filled in by the Candidate										
Register Number	in Figures									
	in words									

PART - A

(Objective Type)

Choose appropriate answer from the options in the questions. **One** mark **each**.

 $(60 \times 1 = 60 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Trochophore larva is found in
 - a) Annelida and Mollusca
- b) Annelida and Porifera
- c) Coeleneterata and Annelida
- d) Mollusca and Coeleneterata

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- 2. The larval stage of Sycon is
 - a) Amphiblastula

b) Amphimixis

c) Amphistoma

- d) Amphiglastula
- 3. Infective stage of Plasmodium vivax in human is
 - a) Sporozoite

b) Trophozoite

c) Merozoite

d) Cryptozoite

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4.	Cu	cumaria belongs to the class		
	a)	Echinoidea	b)	Holothuroidea
	c)	Crinoidea	d)	Ophiuroidea
5.	Pei	ripatus belongs to the phylum		
	a)	Arthropoda	b)	Annelida
	c)	Onycophora	d)	Branchiopoda
6.	Wh	ich one of the following is a pest of	pado	dy?
	a)	Leptocorisa oratoria	b)	Oryctes
	c)	Eriophyes	d)	Locust
7.	Tru	e Coelom is absent in		
	a)	Annelida	b)	Nematoda
	c)	Echinodermata	d)	Mollusca
8.	Lim	nulus belongs to the class		
	a)	Merostomata	b)	Insecta
	c)	Crustacea	d)	Onacophora
9.	Fla	mes cells are associated with		
	a)	Respiration	b)	Excretion
	c)	Nutrition	d)	Digestion
10.	Osp	ohradium in <i>Pila globosa</i> is		
	a)	Chemo receptor	b)	Thermo receptor
	c)	Photo receptor	d)	Tango receptor
11.	Boo	ok lungs are respiratory organs of		
	a)	Mollusca	b)	Mammalia
	c)	Arachnida	d)	Earthworms

Which gland plays a key role in metamorphosis of frog tadpole?												
a)	Thymus	b)	Thyroid									
c)	Pancreas	d)	Adrenal									
Pois	son gland in snake is modification o	of										
a)	Parotid gland	b)	Lingual gland									
c)	Sublingual gland	d)	Maxillary gland									
Cart	tilaginous fishes do not have											
a)	Gill slits	b)	Scales									
c)	Operculum	d)	Pelvic fins									
Rete	ention of juvenile features in the ac	lult ar	nimal is called									
a)	Polymorphism	b)	Sexual dimorphism									
c)	Neoteny	d)	Parthenogenesis									
The	type of excretion found in birds is											
a)	Uricotelism	b)	Ammonotelism									
c)	Ureotelism	d)	None of these									
Duc	k-billed platypus is a connecting lir	nk bet	tween									
a)	Aves – Mammals	b)	Annelida – Mollusca									
c)	Reptiles – Mammals	d)	Fishes – Amphibians									
Mer	ndel's dihybrid cross ratio is											
a)	12:3:1	b)	1:2:1									
c)	9:3:3:1	d)	15 : 1									
The	law of independent assortment wa	as pro	pposed by									
a)	Mendel	b)	Robert Hooke									
c)	Linnaeus	d)	Melvin-Kelvin									
	a) c) Pois a) c) Carra a) c) The a) c) Mer a) c) The a) c)	a) Thymus c) Pancreas Poison gland in snake is modification of a) Parotid gland c) Sublingual gland Cartilaginous fishes do not have a) Gill slits c) Operculum Retention of juvenile features in the act a) Polymorphism c) Neoteny The type of excretion found in birds is a) Uricotelism c) Ureotelism Duck-billed platypus is a connecting lina) Aves – Mammals c) Reptiles – Mammals Mendel's dihybrid cross ratio is a) 12:3:1 c) 9:3:3:1 The law of independent assortment was a) Mendel	a) Thymus b) c) Pancreas d) Poison gland in snake is modification of a) Parotid gland b) c) Sublingual gland d) Cartilaginous fishes do not have a) Gill slits b) c) Operculum d) Retention of juvenile features in the adult ar a) Polymorphism b) c) Neoteny d) The type of excretion found in birds is a) Uricotelism b) c) Ureotelism b) c) Ureotelism d) Duck-billed platypus is a connecting link ber a) Aves – Mammals b) c) Reptiles – Mammals d) Mendel's dihybrid cross ratio is a) 12:3:1 b) c) 9:3:3:1 b) The law of independent assortment was proasured as Mendel b)									

20.	Tes	t cross is a cross between											
a) Heterozygous individual and recessive parentb) Heterozygous individual and dominant parent													
	b)	Heterozygous individual and dominant parent											
	c)	Homozygous individual and dominant parent											
	d)	None of these											
21.	Barı	r body is associated with											
	a)	Autosome	b)	Male sex only									
	c)	X-chromosome	d)	Y-chromosome									
22.	The	jumping genes are called											
	a)	Cistrons	b)	Mutons									
	c)	Transposons	Recons										
23.	Initia	ation codon in eukaryotes is											
	a)	AUG	b)	UAG									
	c)	GAU	d)	AGU									
24.	DNA	A multiplication is called											
	a)	Translation	b)	Transcription									
	c)	Transduction	d)	Replication									
25.	Viru	ses are considered living because	they										
	a)	multiply in the host cell	b)	carry out anaerobic respiration									
	c)	possess metabolic activity	d)	cause infection									
26.	Whi	ch era is known as the 'golden age	of re	eptiles'?									
	a)	Mesozoic	b)	Coenozoic									
	c)	Palaeozoic	d)	Cosmozoic									

27. The phenomenon "Ontogeny repeats phylogeny" is									
	a)	Recapitulation theory	b)	Inheritance theory					
	c)	Mutation theory	d)	Natural selection theory					
28.	Two	strands of DNA are							
	a)	Similar and parallel							
	b)	Similar and antiparallel							
	c)	Complementary and antiparallel							
	d)	Complementary and parallel							
29.	ΑN	ucleotide is							
	a)	Sugar + phosphate							
	b)	Base + sugar + phosphate							
	c)	Base + sugar + OH							
	d)	Base + sugar							
30.	The	technology of introduction of foreig	gn ge	nes for improving genotype is called					
	a)	Tissue culture	b)	Immunisation					
	c)	Biotechnology	d)	Genetic engineering					
31.	Enz	yme required for polymerase chain	reac	ction (PCR) is					
	a)	RNA polymerase	b)	Ribonuclease					
	c)	Taq polymerase	d)	Endonuclease					
32.	Alpł	na biodiversity is the diversity of							
	a)	Species at a local habitat	b)	Communities					
	c)	Range of communities	d)	All the above					
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33.	Gir f	forest of India is famous for												
	a)	Rhinoceros	b)	Pelican										
	c)	Tiger	d)	Lion										
34.	Gree	en house effect is related to												
	a)	Increased growth of green algae												
	b)	Global warming												
	c)	Cultivation of green vegetables in	hous	ses										
	d)	Development of terrace gardens												
35.	One of the <i>ex-situ</i> conservation methods for endangered species is													
	a)	Wildlife sanctuaries	b)	Biosphere reserves										
	c)	Cryopreservation	d)	National parks										
36.	Orga	anization that publishes Red Data	(Red list) is											
	a)	IUCN	b)	NEERI										
	c)	BNHS	d)	CITES										
37.	Chip	oko movement is related to												
	a)	Plant breeding	b)	Plant conservation										
	c)	Animal breeding	d)	Project Tiger										
38.	Dan	nage to Taj Mahal is being caused	by											
	a)	Acid rain	b)	Smoke										
	c)	Dust	d)	Global warming										
39.	Cell	eating is known as												
	a)	Osmosis	b)	Phagocytosis										
	c)	Diffusion	d)	Pinocytosis										

40.	Gre	en colour of bile is due to		
	a)	Bilirubin	b)	Biliverdin
	c)	Sodium taurocholate	d)	Sodium glycocholate
41.	Wh	ich of the following does not produc	ce an	y digestive enzyme?
	a)	Pancreas	b)	Liver
	c)	Stomach	d)	Duodenum
42.	Pty	alin is an enzyme present in		
	a)	Gastric juice	b)	Pancreatic juice
	c)	Intestinal juice	d)	Saliva
43.	Suc	ccus entericus is secreted by		
	a)	Aurbach's plexus	b)	Brunner's glands
	c)	Peyer's patches	d)	Crypts of Lieberkuhn
44.	Neu	urogenic heart is characteristic of		
	a)	Humans	b)	Lower invertebrates
	c)	Rat	d)	Rabbit
45.	All ۷) Humans b) Lower invertebrates c) Rat d) Rabbit Il veins have deoxygenated blood except		
	a)	Renal artery	b)	Hepatic vein
	c)	Hepatic Portal vein	d)	Pulmonary vein
46.	Met	astasis is the process of		
	a)	excessive cell proliferation		
	b)	transformation of benign tumour i	nto n	nalignant tumour
	c)	movement of cancerous cells from	n one	e site to another site in the body
	d)	transformation of a normal cell int	oac	cancerous cell

47.	The	pineal body is considered as		
	a)	an endocrine gland		
	b)	an organ concerned with the volui	ntary	actions
	c)	an organ concerned with vision		
	d)	an endocrine gland and the vestig	e of	third eye
48.	Wha	at is the other name of vasopressin		
	a)	ADH	b)	ACTH
	c)	LH	d)	FSH
49.	The	neurohypophysis secretes		
	a)	Prolactin	b)	Oxytocin
	c)	LH	d)	Diabetogenic hormone
50.	Note	ochord of frog develops from		
	a)	Ectoderm	b)	Endoderm
	c)	Mesoderm	d)	Mesoendoderm
51.	Spe	rmiogenesis refers to		
	a)	growth phase of spermatogenesis	;	
	b)	phase of multiplication of spermat	ogen	esis
	c)	metamorphosis of spermatids to s	•	
	ď)	spermatogenesis	•	
52.	Sert	toli cells are		
	a)	Nurse cells	b)	Secretory cells
	c)	Respiratory cells	d)	Excretory cells
53.	Cor	pus luteum is responsible for produ	ıction	of
50.	a)	FSH	b)	LH
	c)	Progesterone	d)	Lactogenic principle
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54.	Fert	ilization in mammals takes place ir	1			
	a)	Fallopian tube	b)	Ovary		
	c)	Uterus	d)	None of the above		
55.	Ces	sation of menstrual cycle is called				
	a)	Puberty	b)	Menarch		
	c)	Menopause	d)	Fertilization		
56.	The	delivery of child or childbirth is cal	led			
	a)	Lactation	b)	Parturition		
	c)	Micturition	d)	Insemination		
- 7	Cav	h awar an a a a a				
57.		hormones are				
	a)	Steroids	b)	Glycoproteins		
	c)	Proteins	d)	Vitamins		
58.	Inte	rstitial cells stimulating hormone is	ident	tical to		
	a)	FSH	b)	LH		
	c)	ACTH	d)	Growth hormone		
58. Interstitial cells stimulating hormone is identical to a) FSH b) LH						
00.	a)	Ectoderm	b)	Mesoderm		
	,	Endomesoderm	,	Endoderm		
	c)	Endomesodemi	d)	Endodenn		
60.	Emı	ulsification of fat is carried out by				
	a)	HCI	b)	Bile salts		
	c)	Pancreatic juice	d)	Bile pigments		

ANSWER SHEET — PART – A

1	Α	В	С	D	Е	21	Α	В	С	D	Е	41	Α	В	С	D	Е
2	Α	В	С	D	Е	22	Α	В	С	D	E	42	Α	В	С	D	Е
3	Α	В	С	D	Е	23	Α	В	С	D	Е	43	Α	В	С	D	Е
4	Α	В	С	D	Е	24	Α	В	С	D	Е	44	Α	В	С	D	Е
5	Α	В	С	D	Е	25	Α	В	С	D	Е	45	Α	В	С	D	Е
6	Α	В	С	D	Е	26	Α	В	С	D	Е	46	Α	В	С	D	Е
7	Α	В	С	D	Е	27	Α	В	С	D	Е	47	Α	В	С	D	E
8	Α	В	С	D	Е	28	Α	В	С	D	Е	48	Α	В	С	D	Ε
9	Α	В	С	D	Е	29	Α	В	С	D	Е	49	Α	В	С	D	Е
10	Α	В	С	D	Е	30	Α	В	С	D	Е	50	Α	В	С	D	Е
11	Α	В	С	D	Е	31	Α	В	С	D	Е	51	Α	В	С	D	Е
12	Α	В	С	D	Е	32	Α	В	С	D	Е	52	Α	В	С	D	Е
13	Α	В	С	D	Е	33	Α	В	С	D	Е	53	Α	В	С	D	Е
14	Α	В	С	D	Е	34	Α	В	С	D	Е	54	Α	В	С	D	Е
15	Α	В	С	D	Е	35	Α	В	С	D	Е	55	Α	В	С	D	Е
16	Α	В	С	D	Е	36	Α	В	С	D	Е	56	Α	В	С	D	Е
17	Α	В	С	D	Е	37	Α	В	С	D	Е	57	Α	В	С	D	Е
18	Α	В	С	D	Е	38	Α	В	С	D	Е	58	Α	В	С	D	Е
19	Α	В	С	D	Е	39	Α	В	С	D	Е	59	Α	В	С	D	Е
20	Α	В	С	D	Е	40	Α	В	С	D	Е	60	Α	В	С	D	Ε

ZOOLOGY (PURE & APPLIED)/AQUATIC BIOLOGY AND FISHERIES/ INTEGRATIVE BIOLOGY

PART – B (Descriptive Type)

Answer any eight questions.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Describe the life cycle of Fasciola hepatica.
- 2. Describe spermatogenesis in mammals.
- 3. Write an essay on pituitary gland and its hormones.
- 4. Describe the different types of excretory products in animals.
- 5. Give an account on the glands of the digestive system.
- 6. Write a note on the factors that regulate homeostasis.
- 7. Write an essay on biosphere reserves of India.
- 8. Describe the various larval forms of Echinoderms.
- 9. Write a note on Mendel's principles of inheritance.
- 10. Explain the principles and applications of recombinant DNA technology.
- 11. Write a note on DNA fingerprinting and its applications.
- 12. Describe in brief bird migration.

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