### DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS UNIVERSITY OF KERALA



# M. PHIL PROGRAMME IN STATISTICS

Syllabus

(Under Credit and Semester System with effect from 2016 Admission)

# UNIVERSITY OF KERALA DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS

#### **M Phil Programme in Statistics**

**Aim:** The M Phil Programme in Statistics aims to prove a strong awareness about recent developments in the core areas of Statistics, particularly in the fields of Distribution Theory, Order Statistics and Reliability Theory so as make the students competent to do research in these areas.

**Objectives:** (1) To introduce the students to advanced areas of research in Statistics, particularly in the fields of Distribution Theory, Order Statistics and Reliability Theory (2) To equip students to undertake serious research studies in applied areas of statistics, with the acquired theoretical background and research training and (3) To enable students to become efficient teachers and researchers in Mathematical Statistics.

Semester No.	Course code	Name of the Course	Number of Credits
	STA-711	Research Methodology	4
I	STA-712	Research Methods in Statistics	4
	STA-713 (i)	Distribution Theory	4
	STA-713 (ii)	Order Statistics	4
	STA-713 (iii)	Reliability Theory	4
II	STA-721	Dissertation	20
		TOTAL CREDITS	32

## SYLLABUS FOR M. Phil. IN STATISTICS

### Semester: I Course Code: STA-711 Course Title: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Credits: 4

**Aim**: This course is designed with the aim of providing a strong awareness about various aspects of research methodology so as to equip the students to do research in mathematical statistics.

**Objectives**: The course will consists of lectures and related activities that will help the students to develop good understanding of the methods of research process and management. This should also equip them with regard to critical thinking, better scientific communication, use of mathematical as well as statistical packages, basic tools in theoretical research especially suitable for research in statistical sciences.

**Module I**: **Objectives and types of research**: Motivation and objectives - Research methods vs Methodology. Types of research - Descriptive vs. Analytical, Applied vs. Fundamental, Quantitative vs. Qualitative, Conceptual vs. Empirical. Research Formulation : Defining and formulating the research problem - Selecting the problem - Necessity of defining the problem - Importance of literature review in defining a problem - Literature review web as a source - searching the web - Critical literature review - Identifying gap areas from literature review - Development of working hypothesis.

Module II: - Research design and methods : Basic Principles and need of research design

— Features of good design - Important concepts relating to research design - Developing a research plan - Exploration, Description, Diagnosis, Experimentation. Determining experimental and sample designs. Computational methods using *Matlab*, *Mathcad* and *Mathematica*. Reporting and thesis writing : Structure and components of scientific reports - Types of report - Technical reports and thesis - Significance - Different steps in the preparation - Layout, structure and Language of typical reports - Illustrations and tables - Bibliography, referencing and footnotes - LaTeX typesetting, Oral presentation - Planning - Preparation - Practice - Making presentation - Use of visual aids - Importance of effective communication.

**Module III: Functions of random variables and random vectors**: Method of distribution function, Method of transformations, Generating functions, Distribution of statistics based on samples from a normal population.

**Module IV: Distribution Theory of Order statistics**: distribution of single order statistic and joint distribution of two or more order statistics, conditional distributions, Markov chain property of order statistics, order statistics from discrete distributions, moments of order

statistics and recurrence relation on the moments of order statistics, special properties of order statistics arising from uniform, exponential, normal and logistic distributions.

**Module V: Basic concepts in reliability**: Failure rate, mean, variance and percentile residual life, identities connecting them; Notions of ageing - IFR, IFRA, NBU, NBUE, DMRL, HNBUE, NBUC etc and their mutual implications; TTT transforms and characterization of ageing classes.

- Anthony, M., Graziano, A.M. and Raulin, M.L., 2009. Research Methods: A Process of Inquiry, Allyn and Bacon
- Arnold, B.C., Balakrishnan, N. and Nagaraja, H.N. (1992) A first Course in Order Statistics, John Wiley, New York.
- Barlow, R.E. and Proschan, F. (1975) Statistical Theory of Reliability and Life Testing, Holt, Reinhart and Winston
- Coley, S.M. and Scheinberg, C. A., 1990, "Proposal Writing", Sage Publications.
- Day, R.A., 1992. How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press.
- Fink, A., 2009. Conducting Research Literature Reviews: From the Internet to Paper. Sage Publications.
- Garg, B.L., Karadia, R., Agarwal, F. and Agarwal, U.K., 2002. An introduction to
- Kothari, C.R., 1990. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International.
- Lai, C.D and Xie, M. (2006) Stochastic ageing and dependence in reliability, Springer.
- Leedy, P.D. and Ormrod, J.E., 2004 Practical Research: Planning and Design, Prentice Hall.
- Rohatji, V.K. (1984) Statistical Inference, John Wiley, New York.(Chapter 8).Sinha, S.C. and Dhiman, A.K., 2002. Research Methodology, Ess Ess Publications. 2 volumes.
- Trochim, W.M.K., 2005. Research Methods: the concise knowledge base, Atomic Dog Publishing.

# Semester: I Course Code: STA-712 Course Title: RESEARCH METHODS IN STATISTICS Credits: 4

Aim: The main aim of this course is to equip the students with sound knowledge in the basic concepts of advanced research methods in Mathematical Statistics.

**Objectives**: The course will consists of lectures and related activities that will enable the students to achieve sound knowledge in the advanced core areas of Mathematical Statistics. This should equip them to achieve advanced research methods in Mathematical Statistics, so that they will capable for developing new theories in the area of Statistical Theory and practice.

**Module I:** Families of distributions: Systems of distributions due to (a) Pearson (b) Burr (c) Johnson (d) Tadikamallla& Johnson, General concepts of convex and log-concave densities with special emphasis to log-normal, inverse Gaussian, Pareto, Weibull, extreme value, logistic distributions and generalized logistic, life time distributions and extended generalized hyper-geometric recast families of distributions.

**Module II:** Characterizations of distributions: Characterization of normal law from different hypothesis, structural set-up, independence of linear forms, independence of linear and quadric forms, regression and solutions of certain functional equations, characterizations based on order statistics of exponential and Weibull distributions. Characterizations of lifetime distributions bases on failure rate and mean residual life.

Module III: Nonparametric methods: power of nonparametric tests, consistency of tests,

Lehmann's theorem, Asymptotic Relative Efficiency (ARE), definition of ARE in Pitman's sense, Noethen's theorem, examples of evaluation of ARE of tests. Definition and examples of U-Statistics, variance of U-Statistics, one sample U-Statistics theorem. Two sample U-Statistics and examples.

**Module IV:** Basic elements of Bayesian Inference, Loss function, Prior distribution, Bayes Theorem, Posterior distributions, Bayes risk, Bayes principle, Bayes estimators, Minimax estimators.

**Module V:** Random number generation- Acceptance –Rejection Method, Metropolis-Hasting algorithm, MCMC method, Gibbs sampling, Adaptive MCMC method, Bayes estimation using MCMC method, Bayes estimation using Lindley's approximation method.

- Bernando J. M. and Smith, A. F. M.(1994) Bayesian Theory, Wiley, New York.
- Berger, J. O. (1985). Statistical Decision Theory and Bayesian Analysis, Springer

Verlag, New York.

- Burr, I.W. (1942) Cumulative frequency functions, Annals of Mathematical Statistics, 13, 215-232.
- Chib S., Greenberg E. (1995), Understanding the Metropolis-Hastings Algorithm, The American Statistician, 49, 327-335.
- Cox, D.R. and Hinkley, D.V. (1974). Theoretical Statistics, Chapman and Hall, London.
- Efron, B. (1979). Bootstrap Methods; Another Look at Jackknife. Annals of Statistics, 7, 1-26.
- Efron, B. (1981). Nonparametric Estimates of Standard Error; The Jackknife, the Bootstrap and Other Methods, Biometrika 68, 589-599.
- Efron, B. (1981). Nonparametric Standard Errors and Confidence Intervals (with Discussions). The Canadian Journal of Statistics 9, 139-172.
- Efron, B.and Stein, C. (1981). The Jackknife Estimate of Variance. Annals of Statistics 9, 580-596.
- Galambos and Kotz, S. (1978). Characterization of Probability Distributions. John Wiley, New York.
- Johnson, N.L. (1949) Systems of frequency curves generated by methods of translation, Biometrika, 36, 149-176.
- Johnson, N.L., Kotz, S. and Balakrishnan, N. (1994). Continuous Univariate Distributions. Volume I, Second Edn, John Wiley, New York.
- Johnson, N.L., Kotz, S. and Balakrishnan, N. (1995). Continuous Univariate Distributions. Volume II, Second Edn., John Wiley, New York.
- Kumar, C.S. (2009). A new class of discrete distributions, Brazilian Journal of Probability and Statistics, 23(1), 49-56.
- Kumar, C.S. and Manju, L.(2015). A Flexible Class of Skew Logistic Distribution, Journal of Iranian Statistical Society, 14(2), 71 92.
- Leonard T. and Hsu, J. S. J.(1999). Bayesian Methods. CambridgeUniversity Press.
- Lindley D.V.(1980), Approximate Bayesian methods, Trabajos Estadististica, 31, 223-237.
- Mathai, A.M. and Pederzeli, G. (1977) Characterizations of the Normal Probability Law. Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
- Mukhopadhay, P. (1999) Mathematical Statistics, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd.
  Randles, R.H. and Wolfe, D.A (1979). Introduction to Theory of Non parametric Statistics, John Wiley, New York.
- Robert, C. P. and Casella G. (2004).Monte Carlo Statistical Methods, Springer, New York.
- Roberts G. O., Rosenthal J. S. (2009). Examples of Adaptive MCMC, Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics, 18, 349-367.
- Rohatgi, V.K. and Saleh, A.K.L. (2001) An Introduction to Probability and Mathematical Statistics, Wiley.
- Serfling, R.J. (1980). Approximation Theoremsof Mathematical Statistics, John

Wiley, New York.

- Tadikamalla, P.R. and Johnson, N.L. (1962) Systems of frequency curves generated by methods of transformations of logistic variables, Biometrica, 69, 461-465.
- Tiku, M.L., Tan, W.Y. and Balakrishnan, N. (1986). Robust Inference, Marcel Dekkere, New York.

Semester: I Course Code: STA-713(i) Course Title: DISTRIBUTION THEORY Credits: 4

**Aim**: The aim of this course is to introduce the student with the advanced knowledge in recent trends in Distributions Theory. This course equips the students to do research in the area of distribution theory.

**Objectives**: The course will consists of lectures and related activities that will help the students in achieving sound knowledge in recent developments in the area of Distributions Theory. This should help them competent to do research in the area so that they are capable for developing new theories in the area of Distributions Theory and its related fields.

**Module I:** Poisson related distributions- hyper-Poisson distribution, alternative hyper-Poisson distribution, intervened Poisson distribution, intervened generalized Hermite distribution, grouped Poisson distribution, binomial-Poisson distribution, zero-inflated Poisson distribution, alpha generalized hyper-Poisson distribution.

**Module II:** Stopped sum distributions- Multiple Poisson, Poisson - Binomial and Neyman type A distribution; Distribution of order k - Poisson, geometric, negative binomial, logarithmic, hyper-Poisson, alternative hyper-Poisson and zero-inflated logarithmic distributions of order k; families of discrete distributions of Order k; Lagrangian distributions - Lagrangian Poisson, negative binomial and logarithmic series distributions.

**Module III:** Bivariate Discrete Distributions- bivariate Poisson, binomial, negative binomial, logarithmic, hyper-Poisson and distributions - properties and applications; Families of bivariate discrete distributions.

**Module IV:** Mixtures of normal distributions; skew normal and its generalized versions, two-piece skew normal and its generalizations; exponentiated type distributions, skew logistic and modified skew logistic distributions, Kies, exponentiated reduced Kies and inverse-Kies distributions.

**Module V:** Bivariate Continuous Distributions- bivariate exponential model of Gumbel, Marshall-Olkin, Freund, Moran; bivariate extreme value distributions; Multivariate beta and gamma distributions.

- Azzalini, A. and Dalla-valle, A. (1996). The multivariate skew normal distributions, Biometrica, 83, 15-726
- Johnson, N. L., Kemp, A. W. and Kotz, S. (2005). Univariate Discrete Distributions, Wiley, New York.
- Kocherlakota, S. and Kocherlakota, K. (1992). Bivariate Discrete Distributions, Marcel Dekker, New York.
- Kim, H.J. (2005). On a class of two-piece skew-normal distributions., Statistics, 39(6), 537-553.
- Kotz, S., Balakrishna, N, and Johnson, N. L. (2000). Continuous Multivariate Distributions, Wiley, New York.
- Kumar, C.S. (2007). Some properties of bivariate generalized hypergeometric proba-bility distributions, Journal of the Korean Statistical Society, 36, 1-7.
- Kumar, C.S. (2008). A unified approach to bivariate discrete distributions, Metrika, 67,113-123.
- Kumar, C.S. (2009). A class of discrete distributions of order k, Journal of Statistical Theory and Practice, 3(4), 795-803.
- Kumar, C.S. and Anusree, M.R. (2013). On a generalized two-piece skew normal distribution and some of its properties, Statistics: A Journal of Theoretical and Applied Statistics, 47(6), 1370-1380.
- Kumar, C.S. and Nair, B.U. (2012). An alternative hyper-Poisson distribution, *Statistica*, LXXII(3), 357-369.
- Kumar, C.S. and Nair, B.U.(2014). A three parameter hyper-Poisson distribution and some of its properties, *Statistica*, 74(2), 183 198.
- Kumar, C.S. and Nair, B.U.(2016). A bivariate version of the hyper-Poisson distribution and some of its properties, Journal of Statistical Research, 48-50(1), 35-46.
- Kumar, C.S. and Dharmaja, S.H.S. (2014). On some properties of Kies distribution, Metron, 72, 97 122.
- Kumar, C.S. and Dharmaja, S.H.S.(2017a). The Exponentiated Reduced Kies distribution- Properties and Applications, Communications in Statistics Theory and Methods, 46(17), 8778 8790.
- Kumar, C.S. and Dharmaja, S.H.S.(2017b). Inverse Kies distribution: Properties and Applications, The South African Statistical Journal, 51, 45 – 65.
- Kumar, C.S. and Riyaz, A.(2015). A zero-inflated logarithmic series distribution of order k and its applications, AStA Advances in Statistical Analysis, 99, 31 43.
- Kumar, C. S., Riyaz, A. (2014). Logarithmic series distribution of order k. The Aligarh Journal of Statistics, 34, 45–54.
- Kumar, C.S. and Shibu, D.S. (2013). On some aspects of intervened generalized Hermite distribution, Metron, 71, 9-19.
- Moothathu, T. S. K. and Kumar, C. S. (1997). On bivariate generalized hypergeometric probability distribution, Journal of the Indian Statistical Association, 35, 51-59
- Nadarajah, S. and Kotz, S. (2006). The exponentiated type distributions, Acta Applicandae Mathematicae, 92, 97-111.
- Titterington, D. M., Smith, A. F. M. and Markov, U. E. (1985). Statistical Analysis of Finite Mixture Distributions, Wiley, New York.

# Semester: I Course Code: STA-713(ii) Course Title: ORDER STATISTICS Credits: 4

PRE-REQUISITES, IF ANY: M. Phil level knowledge of STA712 Research Methods in Statistics, post graduate level knowledge in Order Statistics.

**Aim:** The aim of this course is to introduce the student with the concept of order statistics and its properties. This course equips the students to do research in the area of order statistics.

**Objectives:** The course will consists of lectures and related activities that will enable the students to get an understanding about the basic concept of ordered random variables such as order statistics and record values. This should equip them to do research in the area.

**Module I:** Basic distribution theory of order statistics: Distributions of some simple functions of order statistics, Moments of order statistics, identities, recurrence relations and approximations. Order statistics from specific continuous distributions such as normal, exponential, weibull, logistics and uniform.Asymptotic distribution of sample quantities.

**Module II**: Linear estimation of location and scale parameters based on order statistics. Lloyd's BLUE's, Gupta's simplified linear estimators, Blom's unbiased nearly best linear estimators and Downton's linear estimators. Quick estimators based on order statistics of location and scale parameters.

**Module III**: Approximate maximum likelihood estimation for type I and type II censoring. Tiku's modified maximum likelihood estimation. Linear estimation based on selected order statistics: Bennett's, Jung's and Ogava's optimal estimators. Balakrishnan's approximate maximum likelihood estimators.Illustrations of these methods for normal, exponential and lognormal distributions. U-statistics based on best linear functions of order statistics as kernels.

**Module IV**: Concomitants of Order Statistics, Concomitants of Order Statistics arising from Mongestern family of distributions, Applications of concomitants of order statistics in ranked set sampling, record values, record values arising from special distributions such as uniform, exponential and normal distributions, concomitants of record values and applications in parameter estimation.

**Module V**: Bayesian estimation of parameters based on order statistics, record values, ranked set sample and Type II progressive censored order statistics. Illustration of these methods to exponential, generalized exponential, generalized Pareto and Weibull distributions. exponential and lognormal distributions. U-statistics based on best linear functions of order statistics as kernels.

- Arnold, B.C., Balakrishnan, N. and Nagaraja, H.N. (1992) A First Course in Order Statistics, John Wiley, New York.
- Arnlod, B.C., Balakrishnan, N. and Nagaraja, H.N. (1998) Records, John Wiley, New York.
- Balakrishnan, N. and Cohen, A.C. (1991) Order Statistics and Inference: Estimation Methods, Academic Press, New York.
- Balakrishnan, N. and Rao, C.R. (Eds.) (1998) Hand Book of Statistics- Order Statistics: Theory and Methods, Vol.16, Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Chacko, M. and Thomas, P.Y. (2008) Estimation of a parameter of Morgenstern type bivariate exponential distribution by ranked set sampling. Annals of the Institute of Statistical Mathematics, 60 301-318.
- Chacko, M. and Thomas, P.Y. (2004) Estimation of a parameter of Morgenstern type bivariate uniform distribution based on concomitants of order statistics and concomitants of record values. Journal of the Kerala Statistical Association, 2004, 15, 13-26.
- David, H.A. and Nagaraja, H.N. (2003) Order Statistics. Third Edition. John Wiley, New York.
- Madi, M.T., and Raqab, M.Z. (2007). Bayesian prediction of rainfall records using the generalized exponential distribution. Environmetrics, 18, 541-549.
- Sarhan, A.E. and Greenberg, B.G. (Eds.) (1962) Contributions to Order Statistics, John Wiley, New York.
- Thomas, P.Y. and Sreekumar, N.V. (2008) Estimation of location and scale parameters of a distribution by U-statistics based on best linear function of order statistics, Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference

Semester: I Course Code: STA-713(iii) Course Title: RELIABILITY THEORY Credits: 4

**Aim:** The aim of this course is to introduce the student with the recent developments in concepts in reliability. This course equips the students to do research in the area of reliability theory.

**Objectives:** The course will consists of lectures and related activities that will enable the students to get an understanding about the basic concept of reliability theory. This should equip them to do research in the area of reliability theory.

**Module I:** Failure rate, mean residual life, mean time to failure in the univariate and bivariate cases. Notion of ageing based on failure rate and mean residual life, NBU, NBUE, HNBUE classes, their duals and interrelationships.

**Module II:** Study of life time models - Exponential, Weibull, Pareto, Inverse Gaussian and Gamma with reference to basic concepts and ageing characteristics.

**Module III:** Discrete time failure models:- Definition of basic functions and their properties; Ageing classes and their mutual implications, Reliability systems with dependents components:-Parallel and series systems, k out of n systems, ageing properties with dependent and independents components

**Module IV:** Censoring and Truncation - Right Censoring, Left or Interval Censoring, Truncation, Likelihood Construction for Censored and Truncated Data.

**Module V:** Reliability estimation using MLE - exponential, Weibull and gamma distributions based on censored and non censored samples; UMVUE estimation of reliability function; Bayesian reliability estimation of exponential and Weibull models.

- Barlow, R.E. and Proschan, F. (1975). Statistical Theory of Reliability and Life Testing, Holt, Reinhart and Winston.
- Galambos and Kotz, S. (1978). Characterization of Probability Distributions.
- Kalbfleisch, J.D. and Prentice, R.L. (2002) The Statistical Analysis of Failure Time Data, John Wiley, New Jersey.
- Klein J.P. and Moeschberger M.L. (2003) Survival Analysis Techniques for censored and truncated data, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag, New York.
- Lawless, J.F. (1982): Statistical Models and Methods for Lifetime Data. John Wiley and Sons Jnc., U.S.A.
- Mann, N.R., Schafer, R.E. and Singpurwala, N.D. (1974): Methods for Statistical Analysis of Reliability and Life Data. John Wiley, New York.

- Martz, H.F. and Wailer, R.A. (1982): Bayesian Reliability Analysis. John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York.
- Sinha, S.K. (1986): Reliability and Life-Testing. Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.

Semester: II Course Code: STA-721 Course Title: Dissertation Credits: 20

**Aim:** This Course is designed with the aim of providing hands own training for developing a research thesis so as to get awareness about recent developments in a particular selected topics in the areas of Statistics, depending on the specialisation of the respective research supervisors.

**Objectives**: This Course will consist of discussions, seminars and related activities that will help the students to develop clear understanding of how to execute research process in the respective specialized areas. This should also equip the students to find research problems, better scientific presentation, use of advance statistical packages etc. which are suitable for research in statistical sciences.